

FBIS

DAILY REPORT

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BO YIBO AT INSTRUMENTATION CONFERENCE OPENING

OW112000 Beijing XINHUA in English 1638 GMT 11 Apr 83

[Text] Shanghai, April 11 (XINHUA) -- A multi-national instrumentation conference and exhibition (Miconex '83) opened here today. The opening ceremony, held in the Shanghai exhibition center this evening, was attended by 1,200 experts, scholars, engineers and technicians, and businessmen from 16 countries and regions. Also present were Bo Yibo, state councillor; Wang Daohan, mayor of Shanghai; and Zhou Jiannan, minister of machine-building industry.

In his speech, Wang Daohan greeted the opening of the conference and exhibition and welcomed the guests on behalf of the Shanghai Municipal People's Government. He said it is highly significant to hold such a large-scale international academic exchange and exhibition in Shanghai. They will help increase mutual understanding, contacts and friendship among scientists, scholars and engineers of different countries, and contribute to the development of the instrument industry and science and technology in general, the mayor said.

The conference is jointly sponsored by the Instrument Societies of China, Japan and the United States, and the exhibition by the China Instrument Society (CIS) and SHK International Services, Ltd.

Diplomatic and consular officials in Shanghai also attended. The ceremony was followed by a reception hosted by the Shanghai Municipal People's Government.

During the 5-day conference, Chinese and foreign scholars and experts are expected to read some 80 papers. The exhibits come from over 200 factories and firms in China, Canada, Denmark, France, the Federal Republic of Germany, the Netherlands, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Singapore, Switzerland, Sweden, the United Kingdom, the United States and Hong Kong.

The exhibition, covering an area of 8,400 square meters, will run for seven days.

WAN LI ON MEDICAL AID TO DEVELOPING COUNTRIES

OW091055 Beijing XINHUA in English 0742 GMT 9 Apr 83

[Text] Beijing, April 9 (XINHUA) -- Medical aid to the developing countries is a long-term policy of China, said Vice Premier Wan Li today at a national conference on China's medical aid to foreign countries, which is scheduled to close here tomorrow.

He pointed out, over the past 20 years, China has promoted friendship and strengthened unity and cooperation with the people of developing countries through medical aid.

On behalf of the Central Committee of the Chinese Communist Party and the State Council, the vice premier extended cordial regards to all members who have been on medical teams abroad, and to the families of those doctors who died at their posts in foreign countries.

PRC ENVOY AT SOCIALIST INTERNATIONAL CONGRESS

OW111448 Beijing XINHUA in English 1436 GMT 11 Apr 83

[Text] Albuferra, Portugal, April 10 (XINHUA) -- The 16th congress of the Socialist International ended here today after adopting final resolutions that called for disarmament and condemned Israel's attack on Beirut last year.

A resolution on disarmament and security appealed to the U.S. and the Soviet Union to take immediate actions to stop their arms race. Washington and Moscow should take effective measures to limit the sale and transfer of nuclear weapons, the resolution said.

A resolution on the Middle East said the conflicts in this region menaced peace in the world and brought constant disasters to millions of innocent people in the area. The resolution condemned the Israeli authorities' massacre in Palestinian refugee camps in Beirut last year. The Socialist International condemns all expansionist policies in this region and recognized the great importance of the Palestinian people's right to self-determination and the right to establish a country of their own, the resolution added.

Another resolution criticised the U.S. for its intervention in the affairs in Central America and expressed support to the struggle for democracy, social justice and human rights in this area.

Over 700 delegates or observers from 70 socialist parties participated in the four-day meeting. Chinese Ambassador to Portugal Yang Qiliang attended on invitation.

Mario Soares, general secretary of the Portuguese Socialist Party, condemned Moscow for its invasion of Afghanistan and Vietnam's occupation of Kampuchea.

Former West German Chancellor Willy Brandt was reelected president of the Socialist International and Rentti Vaananen of Finland its general secretary. The next congress is scheduled for 1985.

UN CONFERENCE ON PEACEFUL NUCLEAR USE POSTPONED

OW091208 Beijing XINHUA in English 1130 GMT 9 Apr 83

[Text] United Nations, April 8 (XINHUA) -- The preparatory committee for the United Nations conference for promotion of international co-operation in the peaceful uses of nuclear energy today proposed that the conference be postponed.

The proposal was made to the U.N. General Assembly at the fourth session of the preparatory committee held at the U.N. Headquarters from March 28 to April 8 because it was unable to reach agreement on the conference's draft agenda and rules of procedure.

Opinions differed widely on the principles for international co-operation in the peaceful uses of nuclear energy.

China and the "Group of 77" developing countries maintained that these principles should be worked out by the participants of the coming conference instead of either mechanically copying the principles of the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) or being predicated on the principles of the so-called "non-proliferation treaty."

On the other hand, the Soviet Union and the United States insisted that the developing countries just accept their arbitrary interpretation of the "non-proliferation treaty" on the excuse of preventing developing countries from manufacturing nuclear weapons. Owing to differences on rules of procedure, the conference scheduled for August 29 to September 9 in Geneva had to be postponed.

The U.N. General Assembly at its 32nd session in 1977 passed a resolution on convening a U.N. conference for promotion of international cooperation in the peaceful uses of nuclear energy in response to the developing countries' demand. The preparatory committee for the conference has held three sessions in Vienna since 1981. The date and venue of its fifth session will be decided by the General Assembly at its 38th session.

CULTURE MINISTER DEPARTS ON 5-NATION TOUR

OW080901 Beijing XINHUA Domestic Service in Chinese 0300 GMT 6 Apr 83

[Text] Beijing, 6 Apr (XINHUA) -- A Chinese Government cultural delegation headed by Minister of Culture Zhu Muzhi left Beijing by plane today on a friendly visit to Turkey, Egypt, Algeria, Oman and Pakistan at their invitation.

Seeing the delegation off at the airport were Zhou Weizhi and Lu Zhixian, vice ministers of culture; and Chen Xinren, adviser to the Ministry of Culture.

Also seeing the delegation off at the airport were Ambassador of Turkey Necdet Tezel, Ambassador of Algeria Ghraieb, Ambassador of Oman 'Awad Badr Mar'i ash-Shanfari and the Ambassador of Pakistan Dr Bhatti, to China.

INTERNATIONAL SOLAR ENERGY SYMPOSIUM CLOSES

OW030434 Hangzhou Zhejiang Provincial Service in Mandarin 1030 GMT 1 Apr 83

[Text] The international symposium to discuss the use of solar and (?hydrogen) energies closed at Zhejiang University last evening. The symposium was sponsored by the university with the entrustment of UNESCO.

During the symposium, which was attended by seven energy experts from Britain, France, the United States, Belgium and West Germany as well as some 100 representatives sent by institutes of higher education and research units from all parts of China, some 30 academic papers on solar energy photoelectricity exchange technology [tai yang neng guang dian jiao huan ji shu], solar energy collectors and the application of (?earth and light) materials [tu qing cai liao] were read. The attendants were also briefed on our country's accomplishments in studying the use of solar energy since the 1970's.

(Bellesovsky), a UNESCO official in charge of energy, made a report at the closing ceremony of the symposium. Dr (Shultz), an official of the energy department of the European Economic Community, delivered a report on the EEC's energy situation and future development.

Wang Qidong, vice chairman of the Standing Committee of the Zhejiang Provincial People's Congress and vice president of Zhejiang University, chaired the academic symposium.

ALLEGED NUCLEAR TECHNOLOGY REQUEST REFUTED

OW120746 Beijing XINHUA in English 0723 GMT 12 Apr 83

[Text] Beijing, April 12 (XINHUA) -- Qi Huaiyuan, Information Department director of the Chinese Foreign Ministry, today brushed aside as "utterly groundless" the allegation that China has asked for U.S. nuclear weapon technology. Speaking at a press briefing for Chinese and foreign reporters, Qi said there were reports in the Western press that U.S. Senator Frank Murkowski told Japanese reporters in Tokyo that China had asked the U.S. for nuclear weapon technology. "We have made clear our position in relation to this, indicating that his assertion is utterly groundless," Qi added.

PRC, U.S. FIRMS SIGN COAL PIPELINE PROTOCOL

OW111706 Beijing XINHUA in English 1605 GMT 11 Apr 83

[Text] Beijing, April 11 (XINHUA) -- A protocol for cooperation in constructing a coal slurry pipeline running from southwest Shanxi Province to Jiangsu Province was signed by a Chinese and an American company here tonight. According to the protocol, both parties agree to cooperate closely on the design, construction and initial operation of the slurry pipeline from Changzhi City in southeast Shanxi Province to Nantong City in Jiangsu Province.

Both parties agree to speedily organize specialist groups to proceed with cooperation to initiate conceptual engineering as soon as possible in order to complete final design, prepare the construction schedule, and to start construction as soon as possible, the protocol says.

This protocol prepared by representatives of Fluor and China National Coal Development Corporation through friendly consultation reflects the good faith intent of both parties and it comes into force immediately as of the date of signing, the document says. However, no liability shall arise by virtue of this protocol since the contracts for the phases of the work shall alone establish the liability and responsibility of each party.

It is learned that the 960-kilometer-long pipeline, when built, will be China's first large slurry pipeline. The pipeline will be able to handle 15 million tons of coal a year in its first phase of construction, and its annual capacity for the second phase is designed at 30 million tons. It will play an important role in transporting coal from Shanxi Province and easing coal shortage in the industrial areas in east China.

The protocol was signed by Kong Xun, chairman of the Board of Directors of the China National Coal Development Corporation, and D.S. Tappan, president of the Fluor Corporation.

PUBLISHERS DELEGATION CUTS SHORT U.S. TRIP

OW101705 Beijing XINHUA in English 1650 GMT 10 Apr 83

[Text] Beijing, April 10 (XINHUA) -- An 8-member delegation of Chinese foreign language publishers cut short their visit to the United States and returned here by air tonight.

Led by Duan Liancheng and Luo Jun, director and adviser of the Foreign Languages Publication and Distribution Bureau, the delegation left Beijing for the U.S. on a study tour April 5 in accordance with the Sino-U.S. cultural exchange program for 1982 and 1983.

Their decision to discontinue the trip followed an earlier decision of the Chinese Ministry of Culture to cancel all remaining items in the Sino-U.S. implementing accord for cultural exchange in 1982 and 1983.

The Chinese ministry took the action in protest against the U.S. Government's act of granting so-called political asylum to the Chinese tennis player, Hu Na, which impaired the normal atmosphere for Sino-U.S. cultural exchange.

The delegation was greeted at the airport by Lu Zhixian, vice-minister of culture.

JINGJI RIBAO ON REAGAN'S ECONOMIC ADVISERS

HK120618 Beijing JINGJI RIBAO in Chinese 29 Mar 83 p 4

[Article by Wang Jiangang: "Reagan and His Economic Brain Trust"]

[Text] During the presidential election campaign and when he had just assumed office, Reagan made promises to the American people with regard to an "economic recovery." In February 1981, in his "economic recovery plan," he stated that he would "reduce taxes to stimulate investment," that "America's economy will grow," that "the people will have more opportunities for employment" and that "the budget will gradually be balanced in 1984."

But the first 2 years of his administration proved that he could not live up to his promises. In those 2 years America's economy fell into the most serious crisis since World War II. Following the deterioration of the economic situation, the highest unemployment rate in 40 years emerged. Twelve million people lost their jobs and 6.5 million people could work only part-time. In addition, business bankruptcy figures were the highest for 50 years and the government experienced the largest budget deficit in history.

Economic problems were Reagan's most serious problem in the mid-November congressional election campaign, and Reagan did not dare to go about selling his ideas without thinking twice.

A gradual recovery has emerged in America's economy this year. From a serious economic crisis to a gradual economic recovery, we can see the change in Reagan's economic policies. Here I would like to make a brief analysis of Reagan's economic policies carried out over the last 2 years.

Making His Son Marry Before Getting Married Himself

When Reagan was campaigning for president, he pursued a "supply-side" economic policy. He regarded his policy of reducing taxes to stimulate investment as a panacea. He was unrealistically optimistic and belittled the role of his economic brain trust.

The Council of Economic Advisers of the U.S. president is an important economic forecasting organization directly formulating economic policies for the president. However, soon after Reagan assumed office, something went wrong with the Council of Economic Advisers. Some of his methods put the Council of Economic Advisers in a mess.

Reagan appointed Donald Regan the government's main economic spokesman. Before the Council of Economic Advisers was formed, this man had talked much and made many speeches which were full of optimism. He did this to his own great satisfaction.

It was only after they had worked for several weeks that Reagan appointed Murray L. Weidenbaum chairman of the Council of Economic Advisers. As soon as he assumed office, he discovered the gravity of the problems. He tried to halt the economic prediction which had been rashly made in the earliest period and to eliminate unrealistic optimism. However, due to Reagan's method of getting his son married before getting married himself, Weidenbaum was unable to display his talents. He made various efforts in the government but would not change the situation due to the limits of his influence. In the end, he resigned.

Martin Feldstein's Brain Trust Mounts the Stage

The 8th economic crisis since World War II broke out in America less than 6 months after Reagan came to office. This economic crisis continued until the end of last year. In order to change the passive situation, last September Reagan appointed Martin Feldstein chairman of the Council of Economic Advisers and gave him certain powers in personnel management.

Before selecting a candidate for chairman of the Council of Economic Advisers, Reagan had already decided on a number of its important members, which included David Stockman, OMB director. Before the Council of Economic Advisers was formed, this man independently drafted Reagan's economic plans.

Feldstein is a famous economist as well as a supporter of the theory of the market economy. After he assumed office, he selected the most qualified, the youngest and the brightest economists for the Council of Economic Advisers. Their names are as follows:

Lawrence Samos: 27 years old; doctor of philosophy of Harvard University. He is an outstanding economist and has extraordinary talents. Harvard University and the Massachusetts Institute of Technology tried hard to confer the title of full professor on him. Samos was a research student personally trained by Feldstein. He is an expert in taxation, investment, unemployment problems and unemployment insurance. Although not an expert in economic forecasting, it is believed that he will make contributions to the study of internal economic policies and economic predictions.

Paul Klugman: 29 years old; doctor of philosophy of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. He is an excellent international economist who is beginning to show his talents. He is quite familiar with financial problems.

Daniel Felix: 29 years old; doctor of philosophy of Harvard University; also a student of Feldstein. When he was in his second year, Feldstein already appreciated his talents. Subsequently they worked together for 8 years. Felix is an expert in taxation problems. He is an assistant professor at Washington University, Seattle.

Steven Macneice: 40 years old; doctor of philosophy of Massachusetts Institute of Technology. He is a macroeconomist and an expert in economic predictions. He works in the Boston Federal Reserve Bank.

Feldstein increased the number of members of the Council of Economic Advisers to 25. The most outstanding characteristic of this intelligence organization is that they pursue market economic policies. They maintain that "the government should not play such an extensive role in our society."

Since this brain trust was formed, they have been working meticulously. They are very careful about what they say, and they have played a certain role.

In a Chaotic Economic Situation and Under Severe Criticism

Although Reagan is not reconciled to the setbacks in his theory and policies with regard to reducing taxes and stimulating investment, he has, to various extents, paid attention to the problem of the failure in the economic policies carried out over the last 2 years.

Due to the bad economic situation over the last 2 years, Reagan was severely criticized by many economists. Economist Robert Samuelson said: "Reagonomics has gone to eternal sleep. The reason for its death is not failure but because it has never existed at all." Many economists believe that many contradictions are conceived in Reagan's economic policies. The deep economic crisis America is now experiencing is the result of the development of these contradictions.

Confronted with severe criticism by the masses, Reagan and his economic policymakers cannot but face realities.

Feldstein, chairman of the Council of Economic Advisers said: "The reason why large budget deficits have emerged in America is that our bases for economic prediction are often proved to be incorrect; another reason why deficits have emerged in America is that, as a country, we are not so well-off as we have imagined."

In a speech in January this year, Reagan himself admitted: "The government should mainly be responsible for the chaotic economic situation over the past years; now the government must understand this point and begin to make up for the losses."

In addition, Regan, the treasury secretary, and Stockman, OMB director, have stopped talking big. They are very careful and comparatively practical about what they say.

OFFICIAL VIEWS 1982 USSR VISIT, TRADE POTENTIAL

OW120540 Beijing in Russian to the USSR 1800 GMT 9 Apr 83

[From the "Pages of Friendship" program: Talk by Comrade Fang Yangchun, of the China Council for the Promotion of International Trade; in Mandarin, fading into Russian translation]

[Text] In May last year, at the invitation of the USSR Chamber of Commerce and Industry, the delegation of the China Council for the Promotion of International Trade visited the Soviet Union. This was a reciprocal visit after the USSR Chamber of Commerce and Industry delegation's visit to China.

As a member of the Chinese delegation I was very glad to have another opportunity to visit the Soviet Union. This was a friendly visit. In the brief half month we visited Moscow, Leningrad and Yerevan, and everywhere we were met by cordial and thoughtful hosts. We got acquainted with the Soviet Union's recent successes in industry and agriculture. A particularly deep impression was made by the friendly feeling of the Soviet people toward the Chinese people. The hospitable director of the (Moskovskiy) sovkhos-combine (Ruzhven Ganum) told us in detail about the sovkhos labor successes and invited us to his place for dinner. He cordially treated us to fresh eastern tomatoes, cucumbers and mushrooms. The table talk was conducted in natural and friendly surroundings. We talked about friendship.

In the (Amatis) shoe factory in Armenia we not only examined this well-organized enterprise and became familiar with the work of the factory's workers but also sensed the friendly feelings of the Armenian people toward the Chinese people. The hospitable hosts many times invited us to have more of the splendid Armenian wine. They said that it had been a long time since they had met Chinese comrades and that this meeting made them very happy.

In Leningrad, in the Summer Garden, in the Peter I Summer Palace-Museum and in other places, visitors who, as soon as they learned that we were Chinese, immediately smiled at us sincerely and stretched out their hands in friendship.

In the streets of Yerevan, when we asked directions, total strangers, as if they were old friends, escorted us to our hotel. And they openly said that the friendship between the Soviet and Chinese people has a solid base.

In 1956, on the way to Eastern Europe, I stopped in Moscow and visited the All-Union Chamber of Commerce and Industry. Today, after 27 years, I once again exchanged work experience with the Soviet colleagues, and I think that this is very useful for both sides so we can find out more about each other.

Wherever we went in the Soviet Union we were often told that Soviet people highly regard Chinese goods. This is particularly true for Chinese silk, various textile items, light industry products, clothes, canned food, confections and fruits. The fact that Chinese goods are of high quality has been realized by Soviet people through many years of use, and therefore their love for them is natural.

In recent years a significant shift has been observed in Chinese economic ties and foreign trade which are guided in the right direction. China's foreign trade turnover has doubled since 1978 and has exceeded significantly the average growth rate of world trade. We now have economic and trade ties with 175 countries and regions of the world. We have inter-governmental agreements with 89 countries and with the European Economic Community. With the development of the economic construction of our country, China's economic cooperation with other countries has been continuously expanding.

From 1981 to 1985, the years of the Sixth 5-Year Plan, the total volume of our country's foreign trade will reach \$57 billion. It will increase by 52 percent in 5 years. The first years annual growth is 8.7 percent. The annual average growth in exports, in particular, will be 8.1 percent, and of imports 9.3 percent. The growth of imports will thus be slightly higher than the growth of exports.

China and the Soviet Union are two great neighboring states, rich in natural resources, and therefore we have favorable conditions and enormous potential for developing economic and trade ties. A Chinese-Soviet agreement on goods exchange and payments for 1983 was recently signed in Moscow. The trade between the two countries this year will rise significantly compared with last year. This is a good thing. I believe that with a common effort from both sides the prospects for developing economic and trade ties between our countries will be even greater.

Soon after the return to Beijing of the delegation of the China Council for the Promotion of International Trade, the council sent a letter to our Soviet counterpart inviting them to take part in the international exhibition of medical equipment which will be held in Beijing in 1984. We think that by organizing exhibitions we also can learn more about each other, strengthen friendship and create necessary conditions for the development of trade.

The China Council for the Promotion of International Trade is an organization which promotes external economic ties and foreign trade. We will exert tireless efforts to develop economic and trade ties between China and the Soviet Union.

NEW SOVIET LONG-RANGE CRUISE MISSILE REPORTED

OW111339 Beijing XINHUA Domestic Service in Chinese 1146 GMT 7 Apr 83

[Text] Washington, 7 April (XINHUA) -- U.S. intelligence personnel disclosed on 6 April that U.S. reconnaissance satellites recently discovered a new land-based long-range cruise missile developed by the Soviet Union. U.S. intelligence personnel consider it a new threat to West Europe.

The new land-based cruise missile, known as SSCX-4, has a range of approximately 1,900 miles (3,000 kilometers), greater than the range of the Tomahawk cruise missiles which the United States plans to deploy to West Europe.

According to analysis by U.S. intelligence personnel, the Soviet SSCX-4 missiles may be placed on mobile launchers and thus have great mobility. If the Soviet Union deploys SSCX-4 missiles to East European countries, it will place most of the important targets in West Europe within the range of the new missiles.

TAN QILONG LEADS GOODWILL DELEGATION TO DPRK

Beijing Departure

OW080812 Beijing XINHUA in English 0727 GMT 8 Apr 83

[Text] Beijing, April 8 (XINHUA) -- A goodwill delegation of the Communist Party of China left here by air today for a friendly visit to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea at the invitation of the Korean Workers Party.

The delegation is led by Tan Qilong, member of the C.P.C. Central Committee and chairman of the C.P.C. Sichuan Provincial Advisory Commission.

The delegation was seen off at the airport by Qian Liren, deputy head of the International Liaison Department of the C.P.C. Central Committee, and Chon Myong-su, D.P.R.K. ambassador to China.

Feted in Pyongyang

OW111353 Beijing XINHUA Domestic Service in Chinese 1732 GMT 8 Apr 83

[Text] Pyongyang, 8 April (XINHUA) -- The Korean Workers Party (KWP) Central Committee gave a banquet at the People's Cultural Palace in Pyongyang tonight to welcome the Chinese Communist Party goodwill visiting group led by Tan Qilong, a member of the CPC Central Committee and chairman of the Advisory Commission of the Sichuan Provincial CPC Committee.

Addressing the banquet, An Song-hak, director of a department of the KWP Central Committee, said: "The Chinese people are our closest comrades in arms and China is our reliable rear area [ke kao di hou fang 0668 7237 4104 0683 2455]. Our party and the Korean people are very much concerned about the cause of struggle of your party and the Chinese people and hope that everything is proceeding smoothly in China."

Tan Qilong said in his speech: "The Chinese people will, as always, resolutely oppose the war provocations against Korea carried out by U.S. imperialism and the South Korean puppet clique, and resolutely support the Korean people's struggle to act on their own and achieve peaceful reunification of their motherland until they win final victory."

The banquet was filled with an atmosphere of friendship and liveliness.

Also present at the banquet were Hyon Chun-kuk, deputy director of the International Department of the KWP Central Committee; and Zong Kewen, Chinese ambassador to Korea.

The CPC goodwill visiting group arrived in Pyongyang by airplane today.

'Very Cordial' Talks Held

OW111914 Beijing XINHUA in English 1835 GMT 11 Apr 83

[Text] Pyongyang, April 11 (XINHUA) -- Korean leader Kim Il-song today said the line and policies adopted at the 12th National Congress of the Communist Party of China (CPC) are all correct.

He said this when receiving and having a very cordial and friendly talk with the visiting CPC delegation headed by Tan Qilong and Jiang Yi.

Kim Il-song said the 3rd Plenary Session of the 11th CPC Central Committee convened after the turmoils of the Cultural Revolution was very important.

He also talked about the importance of knowledge and intellectuals.

Referring to China's efforts to make cadres younger in average age, Kim Il-song said it was very good for China to set up an advisory system. Those cadres reaching 65 had better make room for the young, he said.

After the meeting Kim Il-song gave a banquet in honor of the Chinese delegation. Present at the meeting and the banquet were Korean leaders including Kim Hwan and So Yun-sok. Chinese Ambassador to Korea Zong Kewen was present on both occasions.

CULTURE DELEGATION DEPARTS FOR DPRK 11 APR

OW111202 Beijing XINHUA in English 1142 GMT 11 Apr 83

[Text] Beijing, April 11 (XINHUA) -- A four-member delegation from the Chinese Ministry of Culture left here today by train for Pyongyang, with 50,000 books to be presented to the Grand People's Study House of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Among those present at the railway station to see the delegation off were Chinese Vice-Minister of Culture Lu Zhixian and Chon Myong-su, ambassador of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to China.

Last July the Chinese ministry presented 100,000 books to the house.

DPRK SPORTS OFFICIAL ARRIVES FOR VISIT 5 APR

OW080911 Beijing XINHUA Domestic Service in Chinese 1608 GMT 5 Apr 83

[Text] Beijing, 5 Apr (XINHUA) -- Kim Tuk-sun deputy director-general of the Physical Culture and Sports Guidance Committee of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and his party arrived in Beijing this afternoon at the invitation of the Chinese Government. Greeting him at the airport were Lu Jindong, vice minister in charge of the State Physical Culture and Sports Commission, and Chon Myong-su, Korean ambassador to China.

In the evening, Lu Jindong hosted a banquet at the Great Hall of the People in honor of the Korean guests. Ambassador Chon Myong-su was present at the banquet.

YAO YILIN SPEAKS TO TOKYO PRESS ON U.S. RELATIONS

OW081401 Tokyo NHK Television Network in Japanese 1235 GMT 8 Apr 83

[Text] While the case of Chinese tennis star Hu Na is endangering Sino-U.S. relations, Chinese Vice Premier Yao Yilin, currently visiting Japan, strongly charged during a press conference today that her exile in the United States had been plotted by the United States. Here is a part of that press conference:

[Begin Yao Yilin recording in Mandarin, with sentence by sentence Japanese translation; following translation from Mandarin] I, too, have only learned of the news from newspapers and from NHK's morning news today. However, we consider that this issue is a scheme of the United States. It is a scheme carried out by the United States, the result of collusion between Taiwan's secret service and some people in the United States.

On the issue of sophisticated technology, China is in need of such technology for its modernization. We have attached importance to our relations with the United States since the establishment of Sino-American diplomatic relations. However, we must make it clear that we have so far not obtained any sophisticated technology from the United States. The Paris coordinating committee for exports to communist countries has persistently worked with us. If we say a hole has been opened, it is only a tiny hole. Our situation is different from yours in this aspect. Personally, I do not know whether the United States has any further measures on this issue. I do not know what further measures we are going to take, even if we know of the measures taken by the United States. Since the issue has not yet taken place, I cannot make any presumptions here. [end recording]

ZHANG JINGFU MEETS JAPANESE GUESTS 11 APR

OW111148 Beijing XINHUA in English 1132 GMT 11 Apr 83

[Text] Beijing, April 11 (XINHUA) -- State Councillor Zhang Jingfu met here today with Dr. Hamao Umegawa, director of the Tokyo research institute of microbial chemistry, and his party.

Zhang Jingfu praised Dr. Hamao Umegawa for his years' efforts in promoting medical exchanges between the two countries.

Qi Moujia, director of the State Pharmaceutical Administration Bureau, was present.

Dr. Hamao Umegawa arrived here yesterday on a lecture tour.

FRIENDSHIP DELEGATION RETURNS FROM JAPAN

OW081229 Beijing XINHUA Domestic Service in Chinese 1513 GMT 6 Apr 83

[Text] Beijing, 6 Apr (XINHUA) -- The delegation to Japan of the Chinese People's Association for Friendship With Foreign Countries, headed by Xia Yan, vice chairman of the Chinese People's Association for Friendship With Foreign Countries and noted playwright; and with Song Yiping, deputy secretary general of the State Council, as its deputy head, returned to Beijing by air on 5 April after successfully concluding its friendly visit to Japan.

At the airport to greet the returning delegation were Wu Qingtong, deputy secretary general of the State Council; Lin Lin, vice chairman of the Chinese People's Association for Friendship With Foreign Countries; Sun Pinghua, vice chairman of the Sino-Japanese Friendship Association; and Minister Koji Watanabe from the Japanese Embassy to China.

REPORTAGE ON ZHAO VISIT TO NEW ZEALAND, AUSTRALIA

Notes Hu Da Incident

OW120742 Beijing XINHUA in English 0725 GMT 12 Apr 83

[Text] Beijing, April 12 (XINHUA) -- Before leaving for visits to New Zealand and Australia, Chinese Premier Zhao Ziyang told Chinese and foreign journalists today: "China, New Zealand and Australia are all in the Asia-Pacific region and are concerned about the peace, security and stability in this region. We have the common desire to develop bilateral relations." He added that there exists traditional friendship between the peoples of China, New Zealand and Australia. In the past ten years, relations between China and New Zealand, between China and Australia have developed smoothly in various fields. The Chinese premier expressed the hope that his visit will increase mutual understanding and strengthen cooperation in various fields, so as to enhance friendly relations between China and New Zealand, between China and Australia.

Asked whether he will talk with Australian Prime Minister Hawke on Australia's plan to resume its aid to Vietnam, Zhao Ziyang said that he has noticed that the Australian prime minister said Australia will consult the United States, the ASEAN and China before a decision will be made on the resumption of its aid to Vietnam. The premier said that China's stand on this issue is known to all. "My talks with Prime Minister Hawke will provide me an opportunity to exchange views with him on this issue in an in-depth way," he added.

In an interview with Australian reporters earlier, the premier said as for the Kampuchean issue, the most important thing is that the world community should adopt effective measures to force Vietnam to withdraw its troops from Kampuchea. "All of us should make efforts in this regard. Only in this way can the Kampuchean issue be solved justly and fairly and the Vietnamese threat to the ASEAN be eliminated," the premier said.

When a Canadian T.V. reporter asked about the Hu Na incident, Zhao Ziyang countered by querying whether he had heard Hu Na suffer any political persecution. Zhao Ziyang said the U.S. Government was groundless in granting "political asylum" to Hu Na as one subject to political persecution in China. Zhao Ziyang pointed out that although this incident is over, its influence will linger on.

Itinerary for Visits

OW120814 Beijing XINHUA in English 0718 GMT 12 Apr 83

[Text] Beijing, April 12 (XINHUA) -- Chinese Premier Zhao Ziyang is scheduled to hold two rounds of talks with each of his counterpart in New Zealand and Australia on his official visit to the two Oceanic countries from April 13 to 23, announced the Chinese Foreign Ministry today. The premier will meet the press in the two capitals.

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Premier Zhao will arrive at Christchurch, New Zealand on April 13, and reach Wellington the following day where Prime Minister Robert D. Muldoon will hold a red-carpet ceremony for the Chinese premier.

Beside holding talks with Prime Minister Muldoon on April 14 and 15 and attending other official functions, the Chinese premier will visit Guthrey Breedings Services, Lincoln Agriculture College and Canterbury Museum-Antarctic Center.

He is expected to arrive at Canberra from New Zealand on April 17. Australian Prime Minister Robert James Lee Hawke will give a banquet in honor of the Chinese premier that evening. The two leaders will enter into talks on April 18 and 19.

The Chinese premier will also tour the port of Sydney and visit a copper mine at Mount Isa.

He is scheduled to leave Australia for home on April 23.

Beijing Departure

OW120710 Beijing XINHUA in English 0700 GMT 12 Apr 83

[Text] Beijing, April 12 (XINHUA) -- Chinese Premier Zhao Ziyang left here by special plane today on official friendship visits to New Zealand and Australia at the invitation of the prime ministers of the two Oceanic countries.

Zhao is the first Chinese head of government to visit the South Pacific region since the founding of the People's Republic in 1949.

Before boarding the plane, the Chinese premier said there exists traditional friendship between the peoples of China, New Zealand and Australia. He expressed the hope that his visits would increase mutual understanding and strengthen cooperation in various fields so as to enhance friendly relations between China and New Zealand, between China and Australia. Zhao, in a grey suit, shook hands with the well-wishers.

Leaving on board the same plane were members of Premier Zhao's party, including Wu Xueqian, minister of foreign affairs; Jia Shi, vice-minister of foreign economic relations and trade; and He Kang, vice-minister of agriculture, animal husbandry and fishery; Zhu Qizhen, assistant foreign minister; and Jing Shuping, vice-president of the China International Trust and Investment Corporation.

Seeing Zhao Ziyang off at the airport were party and state leaders Wan Li, Xi Zhongxun, Hu Qili, Peng Chong and Ji Pengfei.

Also present were Rong Yiren, vice-chairman of the National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference; leading members of departments concerned Ma Hong, Tian Jiyun, Zhao Cangbi, Yao Guang, Han Xu, Wei Yuming and Zhu Rong; and Mayor of Beijing Chen Xitong.

P. Larkindale, charge d'affaires ad interim of the New Zealand Embassy in China, and H.A. Dunn, Australian ambassador to China, were on hand.

HONG KONG BUSINESSMAN SENTENCED TO LIFE

OW120346 Beijing XINHUA Domestic Service in Chinese 1607 GMT 8 Apr 83

[Excerpts] Guangzhou, 8 Apr (XINHUA) -- The Guangzhou City Intermediate People's Court this morning opened a trial of the case of swindling by Li Zhanyun. Li Zhanyun, a lawbreaking businessman from Hong Kong and the prime culprit of the case, was sentenced to life imprisonment and deprivation of political rights for life in accordance with the law.

Li Zhanyun had formed a partnership with several other people in Hong Kong to operate a small apparel plant. In July 1980 he left Hong Kong for Guangzhou and illegally established the "Guangzhou branch office of Hong Kong Minghui [2494 2547] Trading Company" without approval from any department. His younger sister Li Yankuan, who had been released from labor reform and was temporarily staying in Guangzhou, was assigned as the financial head and full representative of the "company" and they started to carry out swindling activities. Li Zhanyun obtained money by fraud and used the money to procure commodities. He swiftly smuggled the commodities out of the country.

On 20 April 1981, Li Zhanyun was arrested by the judicial department in accordance with the law and his accessories were also arrested one by one.

The Guangzhou City Intermediate People's Court held that Li Zhanyun disregarded state law, bribed and corrupted cadres, swindled state plants out of a large amount of money, committed crimes of an especially serious nature and illegally procured and smuggled rabbit fur out of the country. He was sentenced to life imprisonment and deprivation of political rights for life in accordance with the law for his crimes of swindling, bribery and smuggling. His accessory Li Yankuan was sentenced to 10 years' imprisonment for committing the crimes of swindling and bribery; Huang Guochu was sentenced to 7 years' imprisonment for smuggling; and Lin Yangui was sentenced to 6 years' imprisonment for taking bribes. Li Anren committed the crime of dereliction of duty, but was given leniency from punishment.

LIAO CHENGZHI MEETS VISITORS FROM HONG KONG

Meets Shipping Magnate

OW081215 Beijing XINHUA Domestic Service in Chinese 1316 GMT 6 Apr 83

[Text] Beijing, 6 Apr (XINHUA) -- Liao Chengzhi, vice chairman of the NPC Standing Committee, met with Mr Bao Yuxing, chairman of the Board of Directors of the Hong Kong Liancheng Shipping Company, Ltd, and his wife this afternoon.

Meets Hong Kong Teachers

OW081213 Beijing XINHUA Domestic Service in Chinese 1223 GMT 6 Apr 83

[Text] Beijing, 6 Apr (XINHUA) -- Liao Chengzhi, vice chairman of the NPC Standing Committee, this morning met the delegation of Hong Kong teachers at the Great Hall of the People and had a cordial chat with the teachers from the Peiqiao Middle School, the Xiangdao Middle School, Hanhua Middle School, the Mongkok Workers Children School and the Mongkok Workers Evening School.

FRENCH PRIME MINISTER OFFERS TECHNOLOGY TO PRC

OW121035 Beijing XINHUA in English 0820 GMT 12 Apr 83

[Text] Paris, April 11 (XINHUA) -- French Prime Minister Francois Pierre Mauroy said France was willing to transfer sophisticated technology to China when he received Chinese State Councillor and Minister of Foreign Economic Relations and Trade Chen Muhua here today.

Mauroy said China is a great country and has experienced a great revolution. The French people cherish a special feeling for China though it is situated far away, he said.

Mauroy said the two countries share many points in common on the safeguarding of national independence and other international issues.

Trade between France and China should further develop, Mauroy said, noting that France was willing to transfer sophisticated technology to China and the French Government was very concerned with the construction of a nuclear power station in China and cooperation in telecommunications. He hoped French industry could contribute to the renovation of China's small and medium-sized enterprises.

French President Francois Mitterrand's visit to China in the near future will promote the political, economic and trade relations between the two countries, Mauroy stressed.

Chen Muhua, who arrived in Paris on April 6, noted that there had been big progress in the economic and trade relations between the two countries since their establishment of diplomatic ties. But it was her belief that there still were great potentials to tap in that regard.

FRENCH PRESIDENT MITTERRAND TO VISIT IN MAY

OW120808 Beijing XINHUA in English 0721 GMT 12 Apr 83

[Text] Beijing, April 12 (XINHUA) -- French President Francois Mitterrand will pay an official friendship visit to China in early May at the invitation of the Chinese Government. This was announced by Qi Huaiyuan, director of the Information Department of the Chinese Foreign Ministry, at a news briefing at Beijing Airport this afternoon. He said that the exact schedule will be announced later.

AFP REPORTS RELEASE OF FRENCH LABOR CAMP DETAINEE

OW120846 Hong Kong AFP in English 0830 GMT 12 Apr 83

[Text] Beijing, April 12 (AFP) -- Chinese authorities have released a 49-year-old French Chinese [word indistinct] who (?has been) held in labour camps since 1955, French sources said here today.

Raymond Ratillon was released last month and will leave Beijing for France on Friday, the sources said.

Mr Ratillon was born in China in 1934, son of a French father and a Chinese mother. He was [word indistinct] in Shanghai in the autumn of 1955 during a wave of arrests of the Roman Catholic community in the major east coast port, the sources added.

The French Embassy in Beijing commented: "China has settled a humanitarian case and we are very satisfied."

Mr Ratillon, though not a priest, was apparently a fervent practitioner of his faith. He was victimized along with many priests and lay workers in the anti-religious wave that began in Shanghai with the September 1955 arrest of the Bishop of Shanghai Ignace Kong.

Mr Ratillon spent about 20 years in a labor camp at Anhui, a neighboring province to Shanghai, then lived and worked more freely within the precinct of the camp during the last several years it was learned.

His mother lives in Shanghai, and his father is in France.

'FRIENDLY' NETHERLANDS COLUMNIST DIES IN PRC

HK120729 Beijing GUANGMING RIBAO in Chinese 3 Apr 83 p 4

[Report by WEN HUI BAO reporter Cui Jingtai and GUANGMING RIBAO reporter Zhang Qiliang: "Friendly Dutch Personage and International Affairs Columnist (Kebois) [Ke bo si 4430 2672 2448] Passes Away During a Visit to China"]

[Text] Mr (Kebois), friendly Netherlands personage and international affairs columnist, who arrived in early March for a visit to China, passed away in Shanghai on 20 March at the age of 75.

While in Beijing, Mr (Kebois) met respectively with State Councillor Ji Pengfei, Minister of Radio and Television Wu Lengxi, Advisor of the Chinese Academy of Sciences Huan Xiang and Vice Minister in Charge of the State Family Planning Commission Zhou Boping.

After receiving the news of Mr (Kebois') death, the GUANGMING RIBAO office, which was a host organization, on the same day notified the office of the Netherlands charge d'affaires in China and Mr (Kebois') family members. At the request of Mrs (Kebois), the remains of Mr (Kebois) were properly placed in a coffin and flown to the Netherlands 1 April.

On 31 March, a ceremony was held to pay last respects to the remains of Mr (Kebois) and to mourn the death of a Netherlands friend who had made nothing of hardships and had fought to his last breath in promoting mutual understanding and friendship between the Chinese and Netherlands peoples. The ceremony was presided over by Ma Da editor in chief of WEN HUI BAO, and attended by special representatives from GUANGMING RIBAO and other newspaper offices.

XI ZHONGXUN MEETS FINNISH DELEGATION 7 APR

OW071916 Beijing XINHUA in English 1838 GMT 7 Apr 83

[Text] Beijing, April 7 (XINHUA) -- Xi Zhongxun, vice-chairman of the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress, met today with the delegation from the Finland-China Society led by its Chairman Urho Kahonen. Kahonen, who has visited China six times since 1955, was praised by Vice-Chairman Xi for his contribution to the friendship between China and Finland. Xi briefed the guests on the changes in China in recent years. Also present were Lin Lin, vice-president of the Chinese People's Association for Friendship, and Finnish Ambassador to China Pentti Suomela.

AFP REPORTS ECONOMIC GROUP VISITS ALBANIA

OW071645 Hong Kong AFP in English 1510 GMT 7 Apr 83

[Text] Beijing, April 7 (AFP) -- A Chinese economic delegation is currently in Albania, the first contact between Beijing and Tirana since their July 1978 rift.

A Foreign Trade Ministry spokesman said here today that a team of Chinese trade experts were in Tirana on "standard commercial business." He refused to give further details on the visit which began in total secrecy, probably in late March.

China broke off party to party ties and ended economic cooperation with Albania in July 1978 following a fierce ideological dispute in which Albanian leader Enver Hoxha called Mao Zedong Thought "anti-Marxist theory."

Beijing and Tirana have however maintained diplomatic relations and continued to name ambassadors despite Tirana's repeated attacks against the post-Mao regime.

By sending an economic delegation to Tirana, China apparently wants to sound out prospects for a resumption of bilateral economic ties, analysts said.

In broader terms, the mission ties in with the realignment of Chinese foreign policy undertaken last year, which has already led to a resumption of dialogue with Moscow.

China recently restated on several occasions its willingness to establish or resume ties with all countries and all workers' parties on the basis of peaceful coexistence.

China had completely ignored Albania in the last few years even though the two countries had sealed an "eternal friendship" at the time of the Sino-Soviet rift in the 1960's.

The Chinese press occasionally carries foreign press reports on dissensions within the Albanian regime both on domestic and foreign policy issues.

As relations worsened between China and Albania in 1978, the latter had accused China of seeking to draw closer to the United States and follow a "superpower" policy.

Economic ties therefore offer the best chances for a warmer contact in view of the close ties that had existed between the two countries in the 1960's and 1970's.

In those days, China built about 30 major industrial and military projects in Albania. More than 500 Chinese technicians were in Albania and many Chinese students and researchers were attending Albanian higher learning institutions when the feud broke out in 1978.

ZHANG JINGFU MEETS ROMANIAN BANKERS DELEGATION

OW091005 Beijing XINHUA in English 0721 GMT 9 Apr 83

[Text] Beijing, April 9 (XINHUA) -- State Councillor Zhang Jingfu met here today with a delegation from the Romanian Savings Bank led by its President Mircea Popovici.

Present was Chen Li, vice-president of the People's Bank of China.

COAL INDUSTRY STUDY GROUP LEAVES FOR POLAND

OW100213 Beijing XINHUA in English 0139 GMT 10 Apr 83

[Text] Beijing, April 10 (XINHUA) -- A study group led by Vice-Minister of Coal Industry Ye Qing left here for Poland today to study the coal industry there at the invitation of the Polish Ministry of Mining and Energy.

TV GROUP MEETS SED AGITATION DEPARTMENT HEAD

OW080954 Beijing XINHUA in English 0808 GMT 8 Apr 83

[Text] Berlin, April 7 (XINHUA) -- Heinz Geggel, member of the German Socialist Unity Party [SED] Central Committee, said here today his country is very pleased that the T.V. play "Karl Marx's Youth", jointly produced by the German Democratic Republic and the Soviet Union, has been shown on China's television. He said this while receiving Director of the International Department of the Chinese Central T.V. Station Kong Lingduo and a delegation he leads. The two sides expressed satisfaction over the sound development of cooperation between propaganda departments of the two countries. They hold that such cooperation is in the interest of the two countries. The Chinese T.V. delegation arrived here on March 27 for a two-week visit.

REPORTAGE ON ZAGREB DELEGATION'S SHANGHAI VISIT

Meet Mayor Wang Daochan

OW012213 Shanghai City Service in Mandarin 2300 GMT 31 Mar 83

[Text] Shanghai Mayor Wang Daochan hosted a banquet on the evening of 31 March to welcome the delegation from Zagreb City, Yugoslavia. In a toast, Mayor Wang Daohan said: Zagreb is a heroic city imbued with glorious revolutionary traditions. It has played a significant role in Yugoslavia's national liberation movement. The people in Shanghai are proud to have the opportunity to establish ties of friendship with such a heroic city. He said: During the past over 2 years since the establishment of friendship ties between Shanghai and the city of Zagreb in June 1980, the relations of friendship and cooperation between the two cities have been greatly developed. This visit by the Yugoslav comrades to Shanghai will further strengthen the friendly relations between the two cities.

(Matumivic), president of the Zagreb City Assembly said: It is hoped that the cooperation between the two cities will be further strengthened in the fields of economic affairs, education, public health and science. When the delegation arrived in Shanghai in the morning of 31 March, it was met at the airport by Vice Mayor Yang Di and others.

Exchange Program Summary Signed

OW032026 Shanghai City Service in Mandarin 1100 GMT 2 Apr 83

[Text] A summary on talks between Shanghai and Zagreb cities on friendly exchange programs for the period 1983-84 was signed at a ceremony this afternoon, (Matumivic), president of the Zagreb City Assembly of Yugoslavia, and Yang Di, vice mayor of Shanghai, signed the summary of talks. The summary of talks defines the exchange programs in the fields of economics, technology, culture, education, art, physical culture and so forth between the two friendly cities. The Yugoslav comrades today toured the Huangpo River, visited the Shanghai No 7 (?silk printing) factory and the Shanghai museum and also visited the No 3 Zhongxing primary school in Hongkou District, which established inter-school ties with the (Ya-bu-kao-xiao-si-wa) School in Zagreb City in 1981.

KUWAITI SPECIAL ENVOY ARRIVES 9 APR FOR VISIT

Feted by Wu Xueqian

OW092100 Beijing XINHUA in English 1603 GMT 9 Apr 83

[Text] Beijing, April 9 (XINHUA) -- Muhammad Zaid al-Herbish, special envoy of the amir of the state of Kuwait arrived here today.

Greeting the envoy at the airport were Wen Yezhan, vice-minister of foreign affairs, and Khaled H. Kh. al-Sufayeh, charged d'affaires ad interim of Kuwait Embassy in China.

Foreign Minister Wu Xueqian met and feted Al-Herbish at the State Guest House this evening.

Meets Ulanhu

OW110812 Beijing XINHUA in English 0800 GMT 11 Apr 83

[Text] Beijing, April 11 (XINHUA) -- Ulanhu, vice-chairman of the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress, met here this morning with Muhammad Zaid al-Herbish, special envoy of the amir of Kuwait.

During the meeting, Al-Herbish delivered a letter of Sheikh Jaber al-Ahmad as-Asabah, amir of Kuwait, to Ye Jianying, chairman of the Standing Committee of the N.P.C..

Welcoming the envoy, Ulanhu asked him to convey Chinese leaders' greetings to the amir. Guest and host praised the friendly relationship of mutual trust between China and Kuwait. They also exchanged views on the international issues of common interest.

Also present were Wen Yezhan, vice-foreign minister, and Khalid H. Kh. al-Sufayeh, charge d'affaires ad interim of Kuwait Embassy in China.

SOMALI NATIONAL ARMY ANNIVERSARY MARKED

OW120828 Beijing XINHUA in English 0814 GMT 12 Apr 83

[Text] Beijing, April 12 (XINHUA) -- Brigadier General A.W. Elmi, military attache of the Embassy of the Somali Democratic Republic of China, and Mrs. Elmi gave a reception at the embassy at noon today to mark the 23rd anniversary of the Somali National Army.

Among those present were Liu Kai, assistant chief of the General Staff of the Chinese People's Liberation Army, and military attaches of various countries' embassies here.

Salah Mohamed Ali, Somali ambassador to China also attended.

DELEGATION LEAVES FOR MIDEAST, AFRICAN COUNTRIES

OW021852 Beijing XINHUA in English 1642 GMT 2 Apr 83

[Text] Beijing, April 2 (XINHUA) -- A delegation from the Chinese People's Association for Friendship with Foreign Countries led by its vice-president Liu Gengyin left here this evening on friendly visits to Democratic Yemen, Ethiopia, Somalia, and Djibouti.

Seeing them off at the airport were Lin Lin, vice-president of the association, Yasin Ahmad Salih, ambassador of the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen to China, Akalu Makonnen, charge d'affaires ad interim of the Ethiopian Embassy here, and Mohamud Mahamed Tifow, counsellor of the Somali Embassy here.

Meet PDRY Installation Minister

OW072055 Beijing XINHUA in English 1637 GMT 7 Apr 83

[Text] Aden, April 7 (XINHUA) -- Minister of Construction of Democratic Yemen [PDRY] Haydar Abu Bakr al-'Attas today held talks with a visiting Chinese delegation on furthering friendly relations and cooperation between the two countries.

Headed by Liu Gengyin, vice-chairman of the Chinese Association of Friendship with Foreign Countries, the delegation arrived here yesterday at the invitation of the Democratic Yemen-China Association of Friendship.

In his capacity as chairman of the association, Mr. al-'Attas gave a welcoming reception last night in honor of the Chinese guests.

POISONING STUDENTS ISRAEL'S 'ATROCIOUS CRIME'

HK081030 Beijing RENMIN RIBAO in Chinese 8 Apr 83 p 6

["Short" commentary: "Strongly Condemn the New Crimes of the Begin Authorities"]

[Text] According to news reports, Palestinian female students living on the West Bank of the Jordan River, which is now occupied by the Israeli Government, were recently poisoned in groups, one after another. The number of victims has exceeded 1,000. This is another new atrocious crime hatched by the Begin authorities against the Palestinian people.

With a view to intensifying their rule over the occupied Arab land and stimulating their ambitious attempt of aggression and territorial expansion, the Begin authorities have never hesitated in resorting to all inhuman means to try to subdue the Palestinian refugee camps in Beirut to the present poisoning incident of numerous Palestinian female students, all these result from the genocide policy being pursued by the Begin authorities toward the Palestinian people.

However, the peace- and freedom-loving Palestinian people have not and will never submit to the persecution and suppression of the Begin authorities. At present, the incident has aroused great concern and indignation from the Arab people and people of other countries in the world. On the occupied Arab land, demonstrations against the persecution of the Begin authorities are staged on after another and world public opinion are furiously condemning such atrocities committed by the Begin authorities. The Chinese people firmly stand by the Arab and Palestinian people in their just cause and strongly denounce the atrocious crimes plotted by the Begin authorities against the Palestinian people. The brutal crimes of the Begin authorities are bound to be totally avenged some day.

PENG ZHEN WRITES ON TRADITIONAL CHINESE MEDICINE

OW120338 Beijing Domestic Service in Mandarin 2230 GMT 9 Apr 83

[Text] According to JIANKANG BAO, in his recent letter to Minister of Public Health Cui Yueli, Peng Zhen, member of the Political Bureau of the CPC Central Committee and vice chairman of the NPC Standing Committee, said: I am deeply convinced that traditional Chinese medicine is one of man's richest treasures and that it may be one of our country's contributions to the world. Strenuous efforts should be made to develop traditional Chinese medicine.

Comrade Peng Zhen pointed out: We should take the lead in doing scientific research on traditional Chinese medicine.

DENG LIQUN ATTENDS MEETING OF ART EXPERTS

OW111102 Beijing XINHUA Domestic Service in Chinese 1420 GMT 9 Apr 83

[Text] Beijing, 9 Apr (XINHUA) -- The Cultural Relics Administration Bureau under the Ministry of Culture held a discussion meeting from 5 to 7 April in Beijing on the organization of a nationwide tour of art experts to appraise and authenticate ancient paintings and calligraphic works. Noted experts Xie Zhiliu, Qi Gong, Xu Bangda, Yang Renkai, Liu Jiuan and others were invited to the meeting.

Comrades taking part in the discussions exchanged their opinions on the method, procedure and plan to be adopted for carrying out the work of a nationwide tour to appraise and authenticate ancient paintings and calligraphic works, as well as the establishment of an experts' group for the purpose. The meeting decided that the nationwide appraisal and authentication tour will begin in August by groups and in stages.

Deng Liqun, member of CPC Central Secretariat and head of the CPC Central Committee Propaganda Department; and Zhou Weizhi, vice minister of culture, met all of the meeting's participants. Deng Liqun said: When a cultural relic is damaged, this means that we have one less cultural relic. Once a cultural relic is damaged, it is gone forever. Therefore, we must do all we can to save them. It is also necessary to train skilled people in various areas of cultural relic and museum undertakings in a planned way. It is better to have a plan for the training. Veteran hands with exquisite craftsmanship in the repair and restoration of cultural relics should be treated as experts. Measures should be taken to ensure that their unique restoration techniques will be passed on to the younger generation.

CPPCC MEMBERS INSPECT BEIJING IRON, STEEL COMPANY

OW111336 Beijing XINHUA in English 1315 GMT 11 Apr 83

[Text] Beijing, April 11 (XINHUA) -- The job responsibility system now being practised in Beijing's biggest enterprise greatly interested inspectors from the National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference (C.P.P.C.C.).

More than 150 C.P.P.C.C. National Committee members today inspected the Capital Iron and Steel Company, the first of a series of industrial, agricultural and commercial undertakings the inspectors will visit in and around Beijing.

Xu Yongqi, deputy manager of the company, gave a detailed account of the responsibility system which was introduced in 1979.

The system means, the deputy manager explained, that the company fixes production quotas and the quantity, quality and amount of time for each job according to the overall contract agreed upon by the state and the enterprise. Starting from 1982, the company has had to increase the amount of profit it delivers to the state at an average rate of 6 percent a year, while keeping the surplus for its own use.

The inspectors spoke favorably of the responsibility system. C.P.P.C.C. National Committee Vice-Chairman Wang Shoudao said that the company has blazed a new trail for the development of China's industry. "If all industrial enterprises follow the example of the company, our industry will have a bright future," he said.

Sun Yueqi, member of the Standing Committee of the C.P.P.C.C. National Committee and vice-chairman of Central Committee of the Revolutionary Committee of the Chinese Kuomintang, said that the new system has been a successful experiment which would do away with egalitarianism and raise productivity.

The 90-year-old energy specialist said that the key to the company's success lies in processing and re-processing its products. "It is a practical way to improve its economic performance," he said.

Sun Yueqi said that there is still room for improvement in the company's management. He suggested a more explicit differentiation between the functions of the Communist Party organization and the management.

Located on the Western outskirts of Beijing, the company was first built some 60 years as a small iron smelting plant. Now it has grown into a complex combining all processes from mining to rolling and employing a total of 110,000 workers.

COAL MINISTER ON BUILDING JUNGAR COALFIELD

First Coal Conveying Pipeline

OW111350 Beijing XINHUA in English 1327 GMT 11 Apr 83

[Text] Hohhot, April 11 (XINHUA) -- China will build its first coal conveying pipe line in North China, according to Gao Yangwen, minister of the coal industry.

The pipe line, from the Jungar opencut coal mine in Inner Mongolia to the port of Qinhuangdao, Hebei Province, on Bohai Bay, will be more than 700 kilometers long and capable of transporting 30 million tons of coal annually. It will run through Inner Mongolia, Shanxi, Hebei and Tianjin, and take care of the Pingshuo opencut coal mine in Shanxi now under construction.

Largest Opencut Mining Area

OW111354 Beijing XINHUA in English 1329 GMT 11 Apr 83

[Text] Hohhot, April 11 (XINHUA) -- Inner Mongolia's Jungar coal field will be developed into China's largest opencut coal mining area, according to Gao Yangwen, minister of the coal industry.

It is expected to produce 60 million tons of raw coal annually by the end of the century.

The Jungar coal field with an area of 1,723 million square kilometers, has total deposits of 36.2 billion tons of coal with medium ash and low sulphur content.

The development of this coal mining area of unprecedented size for China is comparable in significance to the construction of hydroelectric power stations on the Yangtze River, Gao Yangwen said in an interview with XINHUA.

He was in Hohhot for an assessment of the coalfield arranged by the State Planning Commission.

He said the coal field will be developed in two phases. The first will consist of two mines: the Heidaigou opencut mine with an annual capacity of 25 million tons and another mine with a capacity of 5 million tons. During the second phase the Harwusu opencut coal mine with an annual capacity of 30 million tons will be completed.

The minister said that the overall plan is now being drawn up and he was visiting Hohhot to make arrangements for construction of infrastructure facilities.

Building Plans

OW120204 Beijing XINHUA Domestic Service in Chinese 1622 GMT 9 Apr 83

[By reporters Lin Wentang, Ma Yi]

[Text] Hohhot, 9 Apr (XINHUA) -- Minister of Coal Industry Gao Yangwen told reporters today at the preparatory office for the Jungar coalfield that the meeting for appraising the exploitation of the Jungar opencut coal mine held under the sponsorship of the State Planning Commission had ended and that the state had decided to list the exploitation of this coalfield as a key construction project during the Sixth 5-Year Plan period. The scale of exploitation during the first stage will give an annual yield of 30 million dun of coal. By the end of this century, the annual output will reach 60 million dun, making the coalfield the nation's largest opencut coal mine. Meanwhile, a large pitside power station will be built. The construction of this great project is an important policy decision for developing China's energy production.

Gao Yangwen is here to make preparations for the actual construction of the project for exploiting the Jungar opencut coal mine.

Located in Jungar Banner, Ihu League, in the western part of Nei Monggol Autonomous Region, the Jungar coalfield has an area of 1,723 square kilometers and a total coal deposit of 36.2 billion dun. The coal here is medium-ash, content low sulphur content jet coal [chang yan mei 7022 3543 3561] with high calorific capacity, which is good for generating power for industry. The geological structure of this coalfield is simple, the coal bed is stable and the deposits are close to the surface. Therefore, it is suitable for large-scale opencut mining.

The Jungar opencut coal mine is a huge construction project. The first-stage project includes the building of the Heidaigou opencut mine with an annual capacity of 25 million dun and another coal mine with an annual capacity of 5 million dun. The second-stage project includes the building of the Harwusu opencut mine with an annual capacity of 30 million dun. The state has decided to use new world technologies and large equipment for extracting, delivering and dressing coal to speed up the coalfield construction.

In early April, Zhou Hui, first secretary of the Nei Monggol Autonomous Regional CPC Committee, and other leading comrades came to the Jungar coalfield to inspect and familiarize themselves with the progress of the preparatory work in all fields.

At present the departments concerned are stepping up the overall designing of the Jungar coalfield. Railways, highways, water and power supply, communications and other preliminary projects are also being actively planned for.

STATE COUNCIL TO INVESTIGATE MAJOR ACCIDENTS

OW120414 Beijing XINHUA in English 1631 GMT 11 Apr 83

[Text] Beijing, April 11 (XINHUA) -- China's State Council is going to send three special groups to investigate the causes of the three recent major industrial accidents and deal seriously with those responsible for the disasters.

A decision made by the State Council on April 8 instructs the groups to investigate and handle the three accidents which inflicted heavy casualties and caused serious damage to state property.

The cases in question are: the gas and coal dust explosion in the Muchonggou coal mine, Shuicheng County, Guizhou Province, the capsizing of the "Red Star" 312 passenger boat in Guangdong Province, and the derailment of a train at the Haibowan railway station in Inner Mongolia.

The investigation groups are formed by people from the Ministry of Coal Industry, the Ministry of Communications, the Ministry of Railways, the Ministry of Labor and Personnel, the All-China Federation of Trade Unions, the Central Commission for Discipline Inspection of the Communist Party of China and the State Economic Commission, as well as those from the related local governments.

The three groups are headed respectively by Yu Hongen, vice-minister of coal industry, Zi Gang, vice-minister of communications, and Geng Zhenlin, former vice-minister of railways.

In line with the State Council decision, the State Economic Commission called members of the three groups to a meeting today. Yuan Baohua, vice-minister of the commission, transmitted to the participants opinions of leading members of the C.P.C. Central Committee and the State Council who stressed safety in industry and communications.

Since 1979, Yuan Baohua said, safety in production has been improved across the country year by year. The number of deaths caused by work-related accidents in 1982 was 37.6 percent lower than in 1981. During the first quarter of this year, however, safety was again neglected and grave accidents occurred in quick succession, the vice-minister said.

Calling for severe measures to deal with those responsible, Yuan Baohua said, organization of safety operation and leadership over the work must be strengthened to prevent the recurrence of grave accidents.

WORK CONFERENCE ON RADIO AND TELEVISION ENDS

Wu Lengxi's Closing Address

OW101442 Beijing XINHUA in English 1225 GMT 10 Apr 83

[Text] Beijing, April 10 (XINHUA) -- China today encouraged its cities and counties to establish radio and television stations where possible and broadcast their own programs.

Addressing the closing ceremony of the 11th national work conference on radio and television, Wu Lengxi, minister of radio and television, said that this decision was part of the effort to readjust the relevant policies to speed up the development of radio and television.

He said one of the new policies is to have radio and TV stations established at the city and county levels in addition to the central and provincial levels.

The conference also decided to increase frequency modulation broadcasting at all levels while continuing to expand the medium-wave covered area. Those large cities where conditions permit should start stereo programs, Wu Lengxi added.

Greater attention will also be paid to TV teaching, Wu Lengxi said. TV teaching systems will be established in all the major cities of China and the time for TV teaching programs will be extended.

In the next three to five years, Minister Wu said, China will strive to modernize its radio and TV technologies. Besides making preparations for launching a broadcasting satellite, efforts will be made to build special microwave lines to facilitate the transmission of radio and TV programs. Meanwhile, technology and equipment for news gathering, editing and program-making will be greatly improved.

The 11-day conference opened here on March 31.

Deng Liqun's Address

OW111042 Beijing XINHUA Domestic Service in Chinese 1232 GMT 9 Apr 83

[By Central People's Broadcasting Station reporter Kang Ping and XINHUA reporter Zhuo Peirong]

[Text] Beijing, 9 Apr (XINHUA) -- Deng Liqun, member of the CPC Central Committee Secretariat and director of the Propaganda Department of the CPC Central Committee, stressed that leaders at all levels from central to local authorities should attach importance to and step up the development of radio and television broadcasting which should be used as an important method to educate the people in patriotism and communism.

Deng Liqun delivered a report at the Great Hall of the People today to representatives attending the 11th national conference on radio and television broadcasting and the 3d national council meeting of the China Reporters Association [ji xie 6068 0588].

Deng Liqun said: The entire propaganda work has an extended front and covers many departments among which radio and television broadcasting is the most effective means of reaching the people fast and directly. Things that need to be done by mobilizing the people of the whole nation can be put to the people directly through radio and television broadcasting so that many people can be quickly mobilized. Party committees and propaganda departments at all levels should make full use of this tool, attach importance or primary importance to the building and development of radio and television broadcasting and use limited funds on the most effective work first. Deng Liqun hoped that with the exception of a few remote areas with very sparse populations, radio broadcasts will be available to every county, commune, production brigade and team before China launches its broadcasting satellite so that every household and everyone in urban and rural areas can listen to radio broadcasts. After the launching of a broadcast satellite, steps should be taken to make television available to everyone in the country by the end of this century.

Deng Liqun added: All propaganda departments should educate the people on patriotism and communism by performing their duties well. News and other programs on radio and television should be centered on education in patriotism and communism, and the work in this field should be greatly improved.

Deng Liqun urged radio and television broadcast workers and all journalists to conscientiously study the party's line, principles and policies, raise their standards in theoretical study and learn to analyze problems by taking the overall situation into consideration. He said: The overall situation is the direction. The central authorities' policy is the track going in this direction. Only through conscientious study can we prevent our news programs from going astray.

On behalf of Comrades Hu Yaobang and Hu Qiaomu, Deng Liqun also extended regards to the comrades attending the meeting. He paid a special tribute to veteran journalists.

Before the report meeting began, Comrades Yang Shangkun and Deng Liqun met and had photographs taken with representatives to the two meetings. Attending the report meeting with Comrades Yang Shangkun and Deng Liqun were veteran journalists and responsible persons of the press units.

NEW CORPORATION SEEKS FOREIGN FUNDS, TECHNOLOGY

OW120435 Beijing XINHUA in English 1620 GMT 11 Apr 83

[Text] Beijing, April 11 (XINHUA) -- A non-governmental company, the Everbright Industrial Corporation, was inaugurated at a ceremony here today.

Wang Guangying is the chairman of the board of the corporation, which was started by a group of well-known patriotic industrialists and businessmen.

Zhang Jingfu, state councillor and minister in charge of the State Economic Commission, and leading members of various other economic departments under the State Council, were present to express congratulations and support.

The corporation aims to expand economic and technical exchanges with foreign countries in accordance with the principles governing China's economic development.

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Its immediate task is to bring in foreign funds as well as advanced technologies and equipment to serve China's modernization program.

The corporation will also cooperate with foreign businessmen in starting joint ventures in China and abroad.

The Hong Kong-based corporation expects to set up subsidiaries and offices in other countries as its business expands.

Everbright has already started business talks with foreign firms in the course of its preparations.

PLANS TO BUILD MORE NONFERROUS METALS PROJECTS

0120501 Beijing XINHUA in English 0725 GMT 10 Apr 83

[Text] Beijing, April 10 (XINHUA) -- Twenty-three large and medium-sized non-ferrous metals projects are being built in China. The projects were outlined at a national work conference on nonferrous metals industry now in progress here. Of the 23 projects, 15 are scheduled for completion before the end of 1985 to raise the nation's annual output of ten nonferrous metals including copper, aluminium, lead and zinc by 34 percent over 1980, the meeting reported.

Among the 15 projects are two copper ore separation plants, which will be able to process a daily average of 5,000 tons and 10,000 tons of ore, respectively, at the Dexing and Yongping copper mines in Jiangxi Province, a leading nonferrous metals producing base in China.

The construction of other eight projects is expected to be completed during the Seventh Five-Year Plan period (1986-1990).

China ranks first in the verified reserves of tungsten, tin, antimony, zinc, titanium, tantalum and rare earth metals. The meeting announced that China will attach as much importance to the development of nonferrous metals industry as to coal mining. Coal is the country's primary source of energy.

During the Sixth Five-Year Plan period (1981-1985), China's total investment on building nonferrous metals projects will be 2.6 times that of the average for the previous five-year plan periods. Foreign investment will be used in the development program.

In 1981 and 1982, the meeting reported, China completed the construction of 13 large and medium-sized nonferrous metals projects including an electrolysis plant in Guizhou Province designed to produce 80,000 tons of aluminium a year.

STABLE CURRENCY WILL AID ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

HK120510 Beijing JINGJI RIBAO in Chinese 5 Apr 83 p 1

[Editorial: "Stable Currency Is an Important Condition for Economic Development"]

[Text] Maintaining the basic stability of currency is an important condition for striving to effect the fundamental turn for the better in financial and economic situation within the next 5 years. Historical experience teaches us that the greater extent the scale of construction is, the more we must persist in the principle of stabilizing the currency, otherwise it will bring about losses or undermine the national economy. During the difficult period of economic construction, confronted with the situation of commodity shortage and soaring prices, the people can correctly realize the danger of inflation but the importance of stabilizing the currency is usually ignored when the economic situation has taken a turn for the better and when it is necessary to accelerate the speed of construction. At present, when all trades and professions are striving for the grand objective of economic construction in our country, it is essential to put forward this issue again so as to arouse the attention of all fields.

A few years ago, for various reasons, the money supply greatly exceeded the needs of commodity circulation and expansion, and the development of industrial and agricultural production. In the past 2 years after the principle of readjustment was further implemented by all localities, revenue and expenditure of finance and credit were basically balanced and the currency circulation situation in the markets took a favorable turn. In order to attain the strategic objective defined by the 12th CPC Congress, in the next few years when the state will still have certain financial difficulties, the demands of loans by various fields from the banks will continue to increase. Therefore, the problem of stabilizing the currency and also promoting the development of the economy calls for a conscientious study and an appropriate solution.

In order to maintain the basic stability of currency, it is necessary to energetically develop the production of commodities. This is because the stability of currency is ensured by the marketable commodities. Only when industrial and agricultural production has developed and market commodities are abundant can the stability of currency have a solid base. Moreover, it is also necessary to appropriately concentrate funds to ensure the construction of major projects, such as energy resources, communications and so on. Only in this way can we speedily develop industrial and agricultural production, provide more commodities for state construction and city and town markets, and guarantee the stability of the currency.

In stabilizing currency, it is also essential to control the scale of investment in capital construction. Since the founding of our country, the abnormal situation of overissuing currency occurred on several occasions in China. Besides political reasons, it was related to blindly expanding the scale of capital construction. On the one hand the excessive scale of capital construction will cause a shortage of material and on the other the abnormal situation of more investment may lead to more loans and an oversupply of money. At present, there are some localities and departments that have excessively expanded the scale of their capital construction. The State Council has decided to adopt strict and restrictive measures against such acts. As for the banks, they must strictly grant loans to act according to the relevant stipulations of the State Council. The scale of expanding capital construction should be suited to our national strength and we must be determined in adhering to this principle.

The funds needed for capital construction should be accumulated by the people of the whole country in increasing production, practicing economy, raising economic results and creating more wealth, and not by increasing the money supply.

The payment of wages of enterprises and institutions of the collective and whole people is an important channel where the state puts currency into circulation. Therefore, while implementing the various kinds of economic responsibility systems, we must pay particular attention in correctly handling the economic relations concerning the state, enterprise and laborer, conscientiously carry out the state program on wage fund, rationally withdraw and grant premiums, and on the basis of raising the economic results and labor productivity, appropriately increase the personal income of workers and staff. Only in this way can the increasing purchasing power have a reliable material guarantee. In no case should the increase of consumer funds exceed the increase of labor productivity.

The policy for currency is the core of various financial policies. If we break the credit plan of the state and overissue money, it may cause a short supply of commodities and instability in the market prices, which will affect the stability of the public and the development of production and construction. Therefore, party and government leaders and departments concerned at all levels should not neglect this issue at any time. It is more important for the People's Bank of China, which is an organ of the state for issuing currency, to initiatively coordinate with departments concerned in strengthening investigation, analyzing the regular changes of currency circulation, studying new conditions and problems, and timely adopting relevant measures from all aspects so as to maintain the basic stability of the currency and promote the development of the economy.

JINGJI RIBAO ON BUILDING IN MOUNTAIN REGIONS

HK110635 Beijing JINGJI RIBAO in Chinese 29 Mar 83 p 1

[Editorial: "Relax Policy, Build in Mountain Regions"]

[Text] Speeding up economic construction in mountain regions is a pressing and major task in our present rural work. Grasping the work well to revive the economy in mountain regions as soon as possible is an ardent wish of the people there, and an urgent need for the realization of agricultural modernization.

China's mountains, covering a very large area and having rich natural resources, can provide great potential and favorable conditions for peasants to become well-off at a quicker pace. Nevertheless, due to the influence of "leftist" mistakes in the past, the natural features of mountain regions and the interests of the people there were long overlooked in our practical work. Consequently, our policies and regulations relating to mountain regions, due to failure to meet the requirements of natural and economic laws, could hardly help to arouse the people's enthusiasm and tap potential there, thus causing some mountain areas to be in a backward state for a long time. Therefore, we must further relax our policy and promote the economy in mountain regions as quickly as possible in line with specific local conditions.

In relaxing policy, we must make further efforts to reserve land to distribute to hill peasants to run by themselves. This is a major step at the present time to revive the economy in mountain regions.

Reserving hilly land for distribution to hill peasants as private plots is an important policy initiated by the 3d Plenary Session of the 11th CPC Central Committee in order to relax rural economic policies, readjust relations of production and reinvigorate the rural economy. This is a basic guarantee for them to promote their own private undertakings and get rich through labor. It is also a significant measure to arouse the enthusiasm of tens of thousands of people, speed up afforestation, promote diversification and help hill peasants get well-off at a quicker pace. This paper today published the experience gained in Longmen, Guangdong Province in "reserving and distributing hilly land to hill people to develop small private farms," and some good practices in other places. All of this tells us: The initiative of the peasants can be quickly mobilized as long as we really distribute land to them and give them a free hand in their own business. This is the way to open up a new situation in economic construction in mountain regions.

From a long-term point of view, reserving a little more land for hill peasants and instituting the system of contracted responsibility in the production of forestry and livestock breeding will be beneficial to essentially curbing the destructive felling of trees, improving the conservation of water and soil and changing the face of mountain regions. The key to solving thoroughly the problem of destructive felling lies in arousing the hill peasants' enthusiasm and relying on them to develop afforestation. To this end, we must arouse the consciousness of hundreds of thousands of hill peasants in forest production and conservation and help them become self-reliant in various fields as quickly as possible.

Therefore, the system of contracted responsibilities with payment linked with output must be speedily pushed forward in varied forms in such undertakings as forestry, livestock breeding, sideline production and fishery on barren hills and in desolate valleys. This is another major measure to ensure the development of economic construction in mountain regions. However, due to the specific conditions in mountain areas, we must conclude contracts with hill peasants in a flexible way. For example, terms of a longer time might be offered in contracts for managing the production of perennial plants. The proportion of distribution must be rational the larger share of gains from reproduction of trees must be given to hill peasants and profits from field crops in forests must all go to contractors. In Shanxi Province, a method has been adopted to encourage individual households or groups of households to contract for the management of mountain streams and brooks with all gains going to the contractors. This is a very good practice and worth popularizing. In short, our forest policy must be of help to building mountain regions and of benefit to those living there. This is the guideline in relaxing forest policy and a guarantee for making the economy boom in mountain regions.

Attention must also be paid to some other areas of work in building mountain areas. Relevant policies and principles must be worked out in line with local specific conditions in the minority nationality-inhabited mountain areas. Meanwhile, it is necessary to readjust the forest structure, further adjust the purchase price of timber, solve the problem of food of hill peasants by properly ironing out the contradiction between tree planting and grain growing in mountain areas, lay more stress on developing the breeding of grass-eating livestock, promote processing industry and household handicraft, develop communications and transport, build small hydropower stations and improve the inter-flow of goods and supply. All these require us to conduct on-the-spot investigation, map out overall plans and take comprehensive measures so as to enable us to arouse the initiative of the three sides -- the state, the collective and the individual -- to solve these problems with concerted efforts.

ANHUI CPC ISSUES WORK, LEADERSHIP REGULATIONS

OW091127 Hefei Anhui Provincial Service in Mandarin 1100 GMT 6 Apr 83

[Text] The Anhui Provincial CPC Committee on 5 April formulated a 10-item regulation for improving leadership and work style. The regulation stipulates:

To improve leadership and work style of the provincial CPC committee and to create a new situation in work in the province, the Standing Committee of the provincial CPC committee formulated the following 10-item regulation:

1. Earnestly study and grasp Marxism, Leninism and Mao Zedong Thought. Promptly study the important documents and instructions of the CPC Central Committee and effectively implement them, in light of the actual conditions in Anhui Province, as soon as possible. Firmly keep in line with the party Central Committee politically. The provincial CPC committee should set up a center for the study of political theory, the principles and policies of the party Central Committee, and of modern science and technology, as well as management knowledge.
2. Adhere to the ideological line of seeking truth from facts and constantly eliminate the pernicious leftist influences and other erroneous ideas. The provincial CPC committee should concentrate its energy on the study of practical problems. It should carefully study the new situation, sum up new experiences and solve the problems arising therefrom. Generally, every member of the provincial party committee should go down to the grassroots units for 2 to 3 months annually to investigate.
3. Seriously carry out the party's principle of democratic centralism and strengthen party unity. The old comrades of the provincial party committee should support the new comrades, while the latter should show respect for the former. They should learn from, and help, each other, maintain unity and promote cooperation. Every 6 months the Standing Committee of the provincial party committee should hold a meeting on democratic life. It should actively take part in the group activities of the party branches, earnestly make criticisms and self-criticisms and accept supervision from party members, cadres and the masses.
4. Adhere to the division of work between party and government. The provincial party committee must lay stress on studying, deciding and inspecting major policies, principles and plans for socialist construction in the province. It must also lay stress on discussing and studying the thinking and education of cadres, party members and the masses, the appointment, removal and discipline of cadres, as well as the improvement and development of party organizations. To enable the government to work independently and efficiently, all documents decided by the government must be issued in the name of the government only and must neither be issued in the name of the provincial party committee nor the provincial government.
5. Uphold collective leadership and oppose arbitrary decisions by individuals. Major issues must be discussed at meetings of the Standing Committee of the provincial party committee, while routine work should be discussed at office meetings for secretaries of the provincial party committee. Standing Committee meetings and office meetings for secretaries must be held on a weekly basis. During party committee meetings, the principle of democratic centralism must be strictly adhered to in making decisions. The secretaries must show discretion in summing up the opinions of every participant and insure that all present at a meeting have a say. Collective leadership must be closely combined with individual responsibility.

6. The provincial party committee must establish a system for regularly analyzing the situation. In general, meetings must be held on a quarterly basis for responsible comrades of the various departments to analyze the situation on the province's political, economic and various other fronts in a systematic and well-prepared manner, and to study and resolve major issues, as well as to map out plans for the various tasks.

7. Simplify meetings and cut down paper work. Only the responsible comrades in charge of specialized fields should attend specialized meetings of the provincial departments, which require attendance by the responsible comrades of the provincial party committee. It is no longer necessary to invite the secretaries to make speeches at such meetings, nor is it necessary to have all the Standing Committee members meet the participants. Only a summary of the minutes of meetings must be transmitted by the provincial party committee and speeches by leaders at meetings need generally not be transmitted. The issuance of documents by the provincial party committee must be strictly kept under control, and the number of documents issued must be reduced. Documents, which can be issued by subordinate departments, must not be issued in the name of the provincial party committee.

8. Avoid giving publicity to individuals. Except for attending important festivals, meetings and foreign affairs activities, the leading cadres must not deliver reports. Within the party, all must be addressed by the term comrade and not by their title. The opinions, speeches and reports of leading comrades must not be regarded as instructions.

9. Leading cadres must be encouraged to write documents and speech summaries personally, instead of assigning all such tasks to their secretaries. Work reports and important documents requiring collective discussion by the Standing Committee may be drafted by the general office or by concerned departments. However, the Standing Committee must clearly set forth the main points and specific details in advance.

10. Set strict demands on oneself, not seeking special privileges or personal gain. During inspection tours to grassroots units, leading comrades of the provincial party committee must not make a fanfare of send-offs or welcoming parties, must not accept gifts, including special and native products, and must not use public funds for feasts and gifts. They must also not pursue exceptionally good housing and transportation means.

The regulation of the provincial party committee stipulates that the various party committees, broad masses of party members and cadres and the people in the province should see to it that the regulation is carried out.

ANHUI'S HUANG HUANG ATTENDS AGRICULTURAL MEETING

OWO90233 Hefei Anhui Provincial Service in Mandarin 1100 GMT 7 Apr 83

[Excerpts] A provincial meeting of representatives of advanced agricultural scientists and technicians came to a successful close in Hefei on the afternoon of 6 April after 4 days in session.

He said: With the widespread practice and improvement of the output-related system of contracted responsibilities, the enthusiasm of the peasant masses is running unprecedentedly high. Now, they urgently need agricultural science and technology. A mass campaign for the study and application of science is taking shape. Although we have made tremendous achievements in agricultural science and technology, we are still far from meeting the requirements in agriculture. Therefore, it is necessary to vigorously step up our work in agricultural science and technology.

At the meeting, the provincial people's government presented certificates of merit to 552 advanced units and individuals that had made remarkable achievements or important contributions in agricultural science and technology.

FUJIAN SIXTH PEOPLE'S CONGRESS TO OPEN 20 APR

OW090935 Fuzhou Fujian Provincial Service in Mandarin 1120 GMT 8 Apr 83

[Text] The 5th Fujian Provincial People's Congress Standing Committee opened its 20th meeting in Fuzhou on 8 April. Cai Li and Wang Zhi, vice chairmen of the provincial people's congress Standing Committee, presided over today's session. At the meeting, the Standing Committee members adopted, after discussion, a decision on the convocation of the first session of the sixth provincial people's congress. They also listened to a report made by the Credentials Committee on the examination of the qualifications of deputies and adopted an announcement on the namelist of the deputies.

The meeting decided to hold the first session of the Sixth Fujian Provincial People's Congress in Fuzhou on 20 April. A preparatory meeting for the session will be held from 18 to 19 April.

JIANGSU'S HAN PEIXUN MEETS ZHU BORU REPORT GROUP

OW120529 Nanjing Jiangsu Provincial Service in Mandarin 1100 GMT 9 Apr 83

[Excerpts] The Jiangsu provincial organs party committee held a report meeting on Zhu Boru's deeds at Nanjing's Great Hall of the People on 8 April. More than 3,000 office cadres heard reports by Zhu Boru and comrades of the Zhu Boru deeds reporting group.

Before the meeting began Zhu Boru and members of the reporting group were warmly received by Han Peixin, Shen Daren and Luo Yunlai, respectively secretary, deputy secretary and Standing Committee member of the provincial CPC committee; Dai Weiran, vice chairman of the provincial people's congress Standing Committee; Chen Yusheng and Ouyang Huilin, vice chairmen of the provincial CPPCC committee; and other comrades.

After (Wang Weiliang), secretary of the provincial organs party committee, declared the meeting open, (Chen Yongxian), deputy director of the Propaganda Department of the Wuhan air force units, introduced the moving deeds of Zhu Boru.

Comrade Luo Yunlai spoke at the meeting's conclusion. He said: All of us should learn from Comrade Zhu Boru, use communist ideology to guide our work, study and lives, obey the party's guidance in all matters, devote ourselves to revolutionary work and do our own jobs satisfactorily.

The Nanjing PLA units held a report meeting on Zhu Boru's advanced deeds on 9 April. Hearing the reports on Comrade Zhu Boru's deeds were Commander Xiang Shouzhi, Political Commissar Guo Linxiang, and other leading comrades as well as more than 1,500 cadres, fighters, workers and their dependents.

Wei Jinshan, director of the Political Department, presided over the report meeting. Deputy Political Commissar Wang Jingmin urged commanders and fighters to perform their duties with a communist attitude toward labor as Comrade Zhu Boru does, selflessly offer all they have to the party and the people and strive to foster and develop a new-type, socialist interpersonal relationship.

JIANGSU OFFICIAL ON WORK OF NEW LEADING BODY

OW091401 Beijing XINHUA Domestic Service in Chinese 1444 GMT 8 Apr 83

[By reporter Jiang Weicai]

[Text] Nanjing, 8 Apr (XINHUA) -- Han Peixin, secretary of the Jiangsu Provincial CPC Committee, said: The new leading body of the Jiangsu Provincial CPC Committee must do the following to successfully carry out its various work in the province: 1). it must rely on the collective leadership of the Standing Committee of the provincial CPC committee; 2). it must rely on the support of the veteran comrades; 3). it must rely on the masses and always consult with them in handling affairs.

Han Peixin made the remarks at a meeting of secretaries of Jiangsu's city party committees, which was convened by the newly restructured provincial CPC committee on 6 April.

He said: The central authorities asked comrades of our new leading body to learn with an open mind, boldly conduct their work and create a new situation in all respects in Jiangsu on the basis of successes already achieved. To insure the success of our future work in the province, the most important thing is to resolutely do things in accordance with the line, principles and policies established since the 3d Plenary Session of the 11th CPC Central Committee and in accordance with the four fundamental principles to keep politically in line with the party Central Committee. The new leading body of the provincial CPC committee must persistently do the following:

1. It must rely on collective leadership. Every member of the new leading body of the provincial CPC committee has his strong points and speciality as well as weaknesses. Pooling the strong points of all comrades will create a favorable condition for the exercise of leadership. From now on, we must pay attention to making the best use of people's strong points and upholding the principle of democratic centralism. All things of major importance must be collectively discussed and decided on and handled on the basis of division of labor with individual responsibility. Members of the leading body should learn from each other to make up for each other's deficiencies. They should unite as one and solidly carry out their work.

2. It must rely on the support of veteran comrades. The present leading body of the provincial CPC committee has more younger comrades, who sincerely wish to have the support and help of the veteran comrades. Many of our veteran comrades have worked in Jiangsu for decades. They have laid a firm foundation for our future work and have accumulated rich experience for us. Although they have stepped down from the first line, their concern for the work of our province has not changed. The new leading body must carry forward the fine traditions and work style of our provincial party committee and learn from the veteran comrades with an open mind. Undoubtedly, our veteran comrades will certainly support the new leading body and help it carry out its work.

3. It must uphold the mass line and handle things after consulting with comrades of the leading body, with the veteran comrades and with comrades of various cities, counties and departments at the provincial level. Comrades of various cities, counties and departments at the provincial level work in the first line. Their performance will determine whether a job is successfully done or not. The provincial CPC committee should listen to the views of all people in doing its work, consult more with them and receive their help and supervision. In short, all comrades, superiors, subordinates and colleagues should work with one heart and one mind to create a new situation in the work of our province.

ZHANG YAOHUA ELECTED MAYOR OF NANJING

HK111546 Beijing ZHONGGUO XINWEN SHE in Chinese 1403 GMT 11 Apr 83

[Text] Nanjing, 11 Apr (ZHONGGUO XINWEN SHE) -- Zhang Yaohua [1728 5069 5478] 53, was today elected mayor of Nanjing. This was announced at the first session of the Ninth Nanjing Municipal People's Congress that is being currently held here.

Zhang Yaohua was deputy head of the Jiangsu Provincial Textile Industry Department and deputy general director of the headquarters for making preparations to build the Yizheng chemical fiber industry company.

The newly elected vice mayors are: Ma Zhaohong, Ding Yongan [0002 3057 1344], Wu Xinhua [0702 2450 5478], Xu Yingrui [1776 5391 6904] and Jiang Zonglian. With the exception of Ma Zhaohong and Jiang Zonglian who were vice mayors of the previous government, the other four people are newly elected. The average age of the new mayor and five new vice mayors is 53.8 as compared with the previous mayoral average age of 59.5, and the average with college education has risen from 13 percent to 50 percent.

The first session of the Ninth Nanjing Municipal People's Congress also elected a new chairman and vice chairmen of the Standing Committee of the municipal people's congress. Xu Zhi [1776 2535] is the chairman.

SHANDONG CONGRESS STANDING COMMITTEE MEETS

SK100732 Jinan Shandong Provincial Service in Mandarin 2300 GMT 9 Apr 83

[Excerpts] The 5th provincial people's congress Standing Committee held its 21th meeting on 9 April, deciding to convene the 1st session of the 6th provincial people's congress in Jinan on 19 April. The meeting listened to the report by Zhang Zhusheng, vice chairman of the provincial people's congress Standing Committee, on the preparations for the first session of the sixth provincial people's congress and the report by (Chi Huiqing), vice chairman of the Credentials Committee of the provincial people's congress Standing Committee, on the examination of qualifications of deputies to the sixth provincial people's congress. The meeting approved the decision on the opening date of the first session of the sixth provincial people's congress and the namelist of deputies to the sixth provincial people's congress. The meeting examined and approved the draft agenda of the congress, which will be submitted to the first session of the sixth provincial people's congress for examination. The meeting also examined and approved the draft report on the work of the fifth provincial people's congress Standing Committee.

Zhao Lin, chairman of the provincial people's congress Standing Committee, presided over the meeting. Attending the meeting were Zhao Feng, Li Yuang, Xu Jianchun, Chen Kei, Yang Jieren; Zhu Benzhen, Zhang Fugui, Zeng Chengkui, Zhuo Zhijun, Wang Jiechen and Wang Baomin; vice chairmen of the provincial people's congress Standing Committee. Attending as observers were responsible persons of the provincial higher people's court, the provincial people's procuratorate and the general office of the provincial people's government.

JINAN PLA UNITS HOLD MEETING ON TRAINING

SK090724 Jinan Shandong Provincial Service in Mandarin 2300 GMT 8 Apr 83

[Text] The Jinan PLA units have paid attention to training talented persons and scored achievements in building training units. Since 1981, the school for the PLA units stationed locally and the military surgeon school have trained over 2,500 students for the PLA units. Training units and rotating training teams at all levels have trained more than 10,000 squad leaders and these squad leaders have played a positive role in conducting education and training for the PLA units.

The Jinan PLA units recently held a meeting on building training units. Commander Rao Shoukun and Deputy Commander Zhang Feng attended and addressed the meeting. The meeting conscientiously implemented the guidelines of reform, formulated plans for the coming 3 years in strengthening education and training and worked out measures for implementing these plans.

SHANGHAI PEOPLE'S CONGRESS TO OPEN 22 APR

OW081235 Shanghai City Service in Mandarin 1100 GMT 7 Apr 83

[Excerpts] The 26th meeting of the Standing Committee of the 7th Shanghai Municipal People's Congress decided this afternoon to convene the 1st session of the 8th Shanghai Municipal People's Congress on 22 April 1983.

Comrade Hu Lijiao presided over the meeting, which discussed and adopted a draft report on the work of the Standing Committee of the municipal people's congress. The meeting also discussed matters regarding the eighth municipal people's congress and decided that the first of the eighth municipal people's congress would hold a preparatory meeting from 18 to 21 April.

The meeting also heard a report by the Credentials Committee of the Standing Committee of the municipal people's congress on the examination of deputies' qualifications and adopted a motion on publishing the namelist of deputies to the eighth municipal people's congress.

WANG ZHEN SPEAKS AT GUANGZHOU MEETING 9 APR

HK100424 Guangzhou Guangdong Provincial Service in Madarin 1000 GMT 9 Apr 83

[Text] The Guangdong Provincial CPC Committee held a report meeting of responsible party-member cadres of the provincial and city organs in the Zhongshan Memorial Hall this afternoon. CPC Central Committee Political Bureau Member Comrade Wang Zhen made an important speech on running party schools well and conducting cadre education. Guangdong Provincial CPC Committee First Secretary Ren Zhongyi delivered a report on cadre education in the new period. The meeting was attended by responsible party-member comrades at and above bureau level in the province and city, party-member cadres at and above section level in a number of units, teachers and students from the provincial and city party schools, and party-member cadres at and above faculty level in institutes of higher education, totaling 5,000 people. Provincial CPC Committee Secretary Lin Ruo presided.

GUANGDONG CONGRESS APPROVES WORK REPORT

HK080747 Guangzhou Guangdong Provincial Service in Mandarin 1000 GMT 7 Apr 83

[Text] The Sixth Guangdong Provincial People's Congress held its second meeting this morning, passing a resolution on the work report made by Governor Liu Tianfu entitled: "Stepping Up The Pace of Reform and Giving Full Play to Advantages so as to Work Hard for a Complete Overfulfillment of the Sixth 5-Year Plan." The resolution said that Comrade Liu Tianfu's report was practical and realistic in analyzing the situation and summing up experiences and lessons in line with the actual conditions in our province. Therefore, the meeting agreed with the appraisal made by the provincial people's government of its work in the past few years.

The meeting held that the Sixth 5-Year Plan for the national economy and social development drawn up by the provincial people's government is a major step toward the realization of the province's general objective of economic construction by the end of the century. The basic tasks and major measures in the Sixth 5-Year Plan proposed in Comrade Liu Tianfu's report are vigorous, steady, practical and feasible. As for some concrete problems that might crop up in the course of carrying out the plan, the meeting authorized the provincial people's government to promptly readjust and solve them in line with the actual situation. The meeting called on people throughout the province inspired by the 12th party congress spirit, to cement unity, study hard, have the courage to blaze new trails and work in a down-to-earth manner for a complete overfulfillment of the Sixth 5-Year Plan and for a new situation in the province's socialist modernization.

The Executive Chairmen of today's meeting were He Wen, Xiao Junying, Luo Tian, (Lin Ruo), (Zhong Yaokui), (Yao Buru), (Huang Yaoxiang) and (Liang Guang). The meeting was presided over by Comrade Luo Tian.

The meeting also passed the electoral method proposed at the first meeting of the Sixth Guangdong Provincial People's Congress, and elected a chief scrutineer and scrutineers for balloting.

Liang Lingguang Elected Governor

OW100856 Beijing XINHUA in English 0823 GMT 10 Apr 83

[Excerpt] Guangzhou, April 10 (XINHUA) -- Liang Lingguang, first secretary of the municipal party committee and mayor of Guangzhou, was elected governor of the important south China province of Guangdong at the first session of the sixth provincial people's congress which closed here today.

Governor Addresses Congress

HK111033 Guangzhou Guangdong Provincial Service in Mandarin 1000 GMT 10 Apr 83

[Speech by Liang Lingguang, newly elected Guangdong provincial governor, at the first session of the Sixth Guangdong Provincial People's Congress -- date not given; recorded]

[Text] Fellow deputies, members of the committee:

The first session of the Sixth Guangdong Provincial People's Congress has elected a new provincial people's government. On behalf of the seven provincial deputy governors and myself, who have been elected by the congress, I express our deep gratitude to all the deputies and people for their trust. [applause]

We are deeply aware that the position and characteristics of Guangdong determine the extreme arduousness of work in Guangdong. The CPC central leadership and the State Council have put higher demands on work in Guangdong. The people throughout the province have placed ardent expectations in us. With our ability and level, it is not easy for us to shoulder these arduous tasks. We are determined to be modest and prudent, to study and work hard and, on the basis of the work of the last provincial government, together with the people throughout the province, to carry forward the socialist construction cause in our province.

Comrade Liu Tianfu has, on behalf of the last provincial people's government, reviewed in a comprehensive way the economic work of the past few years and has expounded the guiding principles and main measures for the Sixth 5-Year Plan. The congress has approved this report and the outline for our province's Sixth 5-Year Plan, and has adopted corresponding resolutions. This provides a struggle objective for the provincial people's government in its concrete work. The new provincial government will work together with the people throughout the province to carry out the plans resolutely and strive for their realization.

In their future work, people's governments at various levels should closely link themselves with and unite the masses, follow the spirit of the 12th CPC National Congress and various resolutions adopted by the 5th Session of the 5th NPC and by the current session of the provincial people's congress, continue to implement the principles of readjustment, restructuring, reorganization and upgrading, unswervingly adhere to the policy of being more open to the outside and making the domestic economy more prosperous by adopting various special policies and flexible measures. It is necessary to place stress on reforms and the improvement of economic results. Reliance should be fully placed on the progress of science and technology so as to promote the all-round development of the national economy and on this basis, to improve the people's livelihood. It is necessary to highly value the role of knowledge and intellectuals in the four modernizations, correctly utilize talented people and energetically train talented people. It is necessary to strengthen the building of socialist spiritual civilization, to develop socialist democracy, to improve the socialist legal system, to consolidate political stability and unity and to strive for a fundamental turn for the better in standards of public conduct and in public order so as to create a new situation in all fields of socialist construction in our province.

People's governments at various levels must resolutely and rapidly carry out structural reforms and make their leading bodies more revolutionary, younger in average age, better educated and more competent in their professional work.

All government workers must earnestly study, emancipate their minds, adopt the spirit of seeking truth from facts, make investigations and studies in a deepgoing manner, be honest in performing their official duties, work hard, effectively improve their work efficiency and style of work, and serve the people heart and soul. This should be first effected by the provincial people's government. The government structure must be streamlined; work must be handled in a down-to-earth manner; work efficiency must be emphasized; discipline must be strictly enforced; a good style of government work must be established. We sincerely welcome all deputies and the people in giving us criticism, supervision and help.

Not long ago, Comrades Hu Yaobang and Zhao Ziyang and other central leaders came to Guangdong to inspect work. They put forward a series of new demands on the building of special economic zones, the development of Hainan Island and the work throughout the province. The tasks facing us are very glorious but arduous. We need energetic support and cooperation in all fields. We will resolutely implement the directives issued by the party central leadership and the State Council. We will, under the leadership of the Guangdong CPC Committee, adhere to the four basic principles, closely rely on the support and help of workers, peasants, intellectuals and PLA men throughout the province and of various democratic parties, people's organizations and patriotic personages in all circles, and rely on the guidance and help of various departments of the State Council and of all fraternal provinces, municipalities and autonomous regions to strive for success in our work by uniting everyone and pooling the wisdom and efforts of everyone.

We ardently hope that the vast numbers of Overseas Chinese and compatriots in Hong Kong and Macao will continue to carry forward their patriotic enthusiasm and show their concern for and support the construction in the motherland and in their own home towns and villages. The people of all nationalities throughout the province unite, strive to overfulfill the Sixth 5-Year Plan in an all-round way and to build Guangdong into a modern area with a high degree of democracy and civilization in the south of our socialist motherland as soon as possible. [applause]

Session Concludes

HK100525 Guangzhou Guangdong Provincial Service in Mandarin 0445 GMT 10 Apr 83

[Text] The first session of the Sixth Guangdong Provincial People's Congress, which opened on 3 April, concluded this morning after completing all its agenda. The executive chairmen today were Ren Zhongyi, (Ruan Guizhen), Li Jianzhen, Quyang Shan, (Xi Jingxin), (Guo Yixin), Liang Lingguang, Zeng Zhaoke, and Xue Yan. Comrade Ren Zhongyi presided.

The results of the elections conducted at the session were announced. The session approved the report of the bills committee on the examination of bills.

Newly-elected Guangdong Provincial Governor Liang Lingguang made a speech on behalf of himself and the seven vice governors. He expressed profound thanks to the deputies and the people of the whole province for the trust and commission given them. He said: We are resolved to be modest and prudent, study and work hard and, together with the people of the whole province, endeavor to continue to spur Guangdong's socialist construction on the basis of the work done by the previous government.

Comrade Ren Zhongyi spoke in conclusion.

Present at the session today were 1,081 deputies. Present as observers were all members attending the first session of the fifth provincial CPPCC, members of the Judicial Committee of the fifth provincial people's congress Standing Committee, a number of responsible persons of units at and above bureau level, and chairman of county and city people's congress standing committees.

The results of four elections were announced at the session today:

1. A total of 163 persons including Liao Chengzhi and Ren Zhongyi, Luo Tian and Liang Lingguang were elected deputies to the 6th NPC.
2. A total of 68 persons were elected members of the 6th Guangdong Provincial People's Congress Standing Committee. The chairman of the committee is Luo Tian. The vice chairmen are Xue Yan, Fan Xixian, Guo Dihuo, Du Changtian, Zeng Dingshi, Zhong Ming, Xiao Junying, Yi Meihou, Huang Youmou, Liang Guang, Luo Xiongcai, Huang Wei and Wu Youheng.
3. The governor and vice governors were elected and decided on. Liang Lingguang is the governor. The vice governors are Li Jianan, Liang Xiang, Yang Deyuan, Liu Junjie, (Wang Pingshan), (Kuang Ji) and (Yang Li).
4. Tang Guangli was elected president of the provincial higher people's court, and Zhao Lian was elected chief provincial procurator. (Bi Qifa) was elected president of Muiyang Prefectural Intermediate People's Court. (Zhou Shugen) was elected president of Zhaoqing Prefectural Intermediate People's Court. (Zheng Mian) was elected president of Zhanjiang Prefectural Intermediate People's Court. (Cai Gaoquan) was elected president of Meixian Prefectural Intermediate People's Court. (Ye Yunlie) was elected president of the Zhaoqing Branch Procuratorate. (Luo Shu) was elected president of the Zhanjiang Branch Procuratorate. (Zheng Shenshu) was elected president of the Huiyang Branch Procuratorate. (Zhan Qunying) was elected president of the Meixian Branch Procuratorate.

In accordance with the PRC organic law on local people's congresses and people's governments, the election of the chief provincial procurator has to be reported to the supreme people's procurator for submission to the NPC Standing Committee for approval.

GUANGDONG PROVINCIAL CPPCC SESSION CONCLUDES

HK111215 Guangzhou Guangdong Provincial Service in Mandarin 1000 GMT 10 Apr 83

[Summary] The 9-day-long first session of the Fifth Guangdong CPPCC Committee concluded this afternoon. The concluding meeting was presided over by Guo Qiaoran. Members of the committee attending the concluding meeting totaled 573 people.

The meeting elected a new Standing Committee with a total of 120 members. Liang Weilin was elected chairman of the new CPPCC committee. Newly elected vice chairmen are Zheng Qun, Luo Jun, Wang Yue, Huang Kang, Liao Siguang, Zeng Tianjie, Wu Zhongxi, Guo Qiaoran, Hu Ximing, Chen Zupei, Chen Yilin, Wu Juetian, Diao Zhaofen, Zuo Hongtao, Li Boqiu and Li Jiezhai. Huang Dafang was elected secretary general.

Zheng Qun delivered a closing speech to the meeting. The meeting adopted a political resolution and a resolution on the work report by the last Standing Committee, expressing satisfaction with its work. The meeting also approved the report on examining motions.

Ren Zhongyi, Yin Linping, Luo Tian, Xue Yan, Guo Dihuo, Zhong Ming, Huang Youmou, (Liang Guang), (Liu Jijie) and (Huang Ye) attended the closing meeting.

HENAN PEOPLE'S CONGRESS COMMITTEE MEETING HELD

Congress To Open 17 Apr

HK090327 Zhengzhou Henan Provincial Service in Mandarin 1100 GMT 8 Apr 83

[Excerpts] The 21st meeting of the 5th Henan Provincial People's Congress Standing Committee held a plenary meeting this morning. It decided that the first session of the Sixth Henan Provincial People's Congress will open in Zhengzhou on 17 April. The meeting established a Credentials Committee to be responsible for examining the credentials of deputies to the session.

Committee Chairman Liu Jie presided at the meeting this morning. Also present were Vice Chairmen Yu Yichuan, Liu Mingbang, Shao Wenjie, Ye Renshou, Chen Bingzhi, Wang Reiyu, Hao Fuhong, (Duan Lian) and (Ma Ruihua).

Work Report Approved

HK110526 Zhengzhou Henan Provincial Service in Mandarin 1100 GMT 10 Apr 83

[Summary] The 21st meeting of the 5th Henan Provincial People's Congress Standing Committee concluded yesterday. The meeting approved the Standing Committee work report to be submitted to the forthcoming first session of the sixth provincial people's congress and decided that Comrade Shao Wenjie would deliver it. It also dealt with other matters pertinent to the session. Yu Yichuan presided at the 9 April meeting.

HUNAN PEOPLE'S CONGRESS COMMITTEE MEETING HELD

Congress To Open 25 Apr

HK090316 Changsha Hunan Provincial Service in Mandarin 2310 GMT 8 Apr 83

[Summary] The 2d plenary meeting of the 20th meeting of the 5th Hunan Provincial People's Congress Standing Committee, held on 8 April, approved the report of the Credentials Committee on the credentials of the deputies to the 6th provincial people's congress. "The first session of the sixth provincial people's congress will be convened in Changsha on 25 April. A preparatory meeting will be held on 23 and 24 April."

Committee Meeting Ends

HK110311 Changsha Hunan Provincial Service in Mandarin 2310 GMT 10 Apr 83

[Summary] The 20th meeting of the 5th Hunan Provincial People's Congress Standing Committee concluded 10 April. The meeting approved in principle the draft agenda for the first session of the sixth provincial people's congress and the draft lists of names for the presidium, secretary-general, and motions committee. Governor Sun Guozhi gave a report on his visit to Japan. Committee Chairman Wan Da spoke in conclusion. Vice Chairman Qi Shouliang presided at the meeting.

GUIZHOU PEOPLE'S CONGRESS SESSION TO OPEN 18 APR

HK100636 Guiyang Guizhou Provincial Service in Mandarin 1100 GMT 9 Apr 83

[Summary] The 21st meeting of the 5th Guizhou Provincial People's Congress Standing Committee was convened today. The meeting decided that the first session of the sixth provincial people's congress will open in Quiyang on 18 April. Standing Committee Chairman Xu Jiansheng presided at the meeting today. A report on the credentials of the 739 congress deputies was presented. Vice Chairman Ye Gulin spoke on the session agenda.

SICHUAN PEOPLE'S CONGRESS SESSION TO OPEN 19 APR

HK090418 Chengdu Sichuan Provincial Service in Mandarin 2300 GMT 8 Apr 83

[Excerpt] The 20th meeting of the 5th Sichuan Provincial People's Congress Standing Committee decided on 8 April that the 1st session of the 6th provincial people's congress will open in Chengdu on 19 April. Chairman Du Xinyuan presided at the meeting and made a speech. Vice Chairman and Secretary-General Li Zhongyi made a report on the elections of deputies and the preparatory work for the session. Vice Chairman and Credentials Committee Chairman Ma Shitu made a report on the credentials of the deputies.

Draft Agenda Approved

HK111031 Chengdu Sichuan Provincial Service in Mandarin 2300 GMT 10 Apr 83

[Summary] The 20th meeting of the 5th Sichuan Provincial People's Congress Standing Committee concluded on the afternoon of 10 April.

At the plenary meeting on the afternoon of 10 April, committee members unanimously adopted the report made by the Credentials Committee and recognized the qualifications of the 1,476 deputies elected for the sixth provincial people's congress. They decided to publish the names of these deputies. The meeting unanimously adopted the draft of the agenda of the first session of the sixth provincial people's congress and are going to submit it to the preparatory meeting of the congress for examination, discussion and adoption.

"The main contents of the draft of this agenda include: listening to, examining and discussing the Sichuan Provincial People's Government work report and formulating a corresponding resolution; examining and approving Sichuan Province's Sixth 5-Year Plan and its 1983 plan; examining and approving the 1982 financial statement and the 1982 budget; electing the Sichuan provincial deputies to the Sixth NPC, electing the component members of the sixth provincial people's congress Standing Committee, electing the governor and vice governors, electing the president of the provincial higher people's court and the chief procurator of the provincial people's procuratorate."

After discussion, the meeting adopted in principle the people's congress Standing Committee work report, adopted the drafts of certain regulations on the agenda, adopted the draft of the regulations on the establishment of various committee of the people's congress Standing Committee and are going to submit them to the first session of the sixth provincial people's congress for examination and discussion.

The meeting also adopted the draft of the namelist of the presidium and the secretary general of the first session of the sixth provincial people's congress, the draft of the namelist of the Budget Committee and the draft of the namelist of the Motions Examination Committee. The drafts of these namelists will be submitted as proposals to the preparatory meeting of the congress for examination, discussion and adoption.

Du Xinyuan, provincial people's congress Standing Committee chairman, attended the plenary meeting on the afternoon of 10 April. Vice Chairman Liu Ziyi presided over the meeting. Attending the plenary meeting on the afternoon of 10 April were Vice Chairmen Li Linzhi, Zhang Xiushu, Tong Shaosheng, Li Zhongyi, Gu Zhibiao, Pei Changhui, Ma Shitu, Liu Yunbo and (Xie Chunglang). Those attending the meeting as nonvoting delegates were Vice Governor Guan Xuesi, provincial higher people's court vice president (Ren Linyun), provincial people's procuratorate deputy chief procurator (Wang Shanbo) and responsible persons of relevant departments at the provincial level.

On 11 April SICHUAN RIBAO carried on its page 3 the namelist of the 1,470 deputies to the sixth provincial people's congress.

XIZANG PEOPLE'S CONGRESS TO CONVENE 20 APR

OW070546 Beijing XINHUA in English 1612 GMT 6 Apr 83

[Text] Lhasa, April 6 (XINHUA) -- An examination report on the new deputies elected to the Fourth People's Congress of the Tibet Autonomous Region was approved at the last session of the third congress here yesterday.

Among the newly-elected 528 deputies are five Tibetans who returned from abroad in recent years.

Deputies of the Tibetan and other minority nationalities constitute 80.8 percent, a 2.4 percent increase above that of the last congress, and intellectual representatives compose 15.7 percent, 9 percent more than in the third congress.

The Fourth People's Congress of Tibet will convene April 20.

JILIN LEADING BODY ELECTION RESULTS ANNOUNCED

Qiang Xiaochu CPC First Secretary

OW110544 Beijing XINHUA Domestic Service in Chinese 1521 GMT 10 Apr 83

[By XINHUA reporter Wang Shensheng]

[Text] Changchun, 10 Apr (XINHUA) -- The Fourth Jilin Provincial CPC Congress closed in Changchun on 29 March. The congress elected the Fourth Jilin Provincial CPC Committee.

The fourth provincial party committee held its first plenary session on 30 and 31 March and elected new leaders. The first secretary [di yi shu ji 4574 0001 2579 6068] is Qiang Xiaochu. The secretaries [shu ji 2579 6068] are Zhang Gensheng (permanent) [chang wu 1603 0523], Gao Di [7559 3695], Zhao Xiu, Zhao Nanqi [6392 0589 6386] (Korean nationality) and Liu Jingzhi. The members of the Standing Committee are Huo Mingguang [7202 2494 0342], Liu Yunzhao [0491 0061 3113], Wang Xianjin [3769 0341 0651], Wang Zhongyu [3769 1813 4416] and Li Yaquan [2621 0068 3123] (female).

The number of the members of the provincial party committee Standing Committee is reduced to 11 from 20 and the number of the party committee secretaries is reduced to 6 from 12. The average age of the Standing Committee members is 57.4 years, 5.3 years younger than the previous average. Five members of the new leading body have had college-equivalent education.

Discipline Inspection Commission Elected

SK102349 Changchun Jilin Provincial Service in Mandarin 1030 GMT 10 Apr 83

[Text] After thorough deliberations and discussions by the Discipline Inspection Commission plenary session of Jilin Provincial CPC Committee, and with approval of the first plenum of the fourth provincial CPC committee and the CPC Central Committee, leading organs of the Discipline Inspection Commission of the provincial CPC committee were elected by secret ballot.

Zhang Shiyong was elected secretary of the Discipline Inspection Commission and (Yu Weizhi), (Zhu Qun) and (Zhang Zhenduo), deputy secretaries.

Advisory Commission Elected

SK102358 Changchun Jilin Provincial Service in Mandarin 1030 GMT 10 Apr 83

[Text] After thorough deliberations and discussions by the plenum of the Advisory Commission of the provincial CPC committee, and with the approval of the first plenum of the fourth provincial CPC committee and the CPC Central Committee, leading organs of the Advisory Commission of the provincial CPC committee were elected by secret ballot.

Wang Daren was elected chairman of the Advisory Commission of the provincial CPC committee and Yu Lin and Song Jiehan, vice chairmen.

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